

The Hartford Republican.

Fine Job Work.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF OHIO COUNTY

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HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KY., FRIDAY, MARCH 31, 1916.

No. 39

U. S. MAY USE MEXICAN ROADS

CARRANZA GRANTS PERMISSION TO USE RAILROADS FOR SUPPLIES.

COMMERCIAL USE ONLY

Privilege Not Extended to Transportation of Troops—Will Pay Regular Rates.

Washington, March 29.—One of the army's most serious problems in hunting Villa was solved today when Gen. Carranza promptly granted the renewed request of the State Department for permission to use the Mexican Northwestern railroad in carrying out the pursuit.

Gen. Carranza received the new request this morning; his answer was in Washington before dark. It was contained in a brief message from John L. Rodgers, special agent of the United States at Queretaro, saying the head of the de facto Government agreed to the commercial use of the line. Officials here assumed he would be equally prompt in notifying his officers on the border that Gen. Funston might begin shipment tomorrow.

Further Negotiations.

Although the army will proceed to use the railroad on a commercial basis, which is constructed here as meaning that all service shall be paid for at regular rates, the State Department will negotiate further with Carranza to bring about a more complete understanding as to just what he has agreed to. Today's response is regarded as being satisfactory in a measure, but it is not sufficiently definite. It may be, too, that in order to assure the arrival and delivery of supplies shipped to points along the line Gen. Funston will desire to place guards on the trains.

War Department officials were greatly relieved by the removal of the necessity for maintaining a motor truck supply line over desert roads for a distance of more than 200 miles. A cloudburst or great storm might render the roads impassable for a considerable space of time, cutting off the troops from their source of supplies at the border.

Secretary Baker issued this statement at the War Department tonight:

"We have directed Gen. Funston to tender for railroad shipment cargoes of supplies, either directly to our military men or to civilians in Mexico. This does not involve any tender of munitions for such railroad transportation nor does it involve the use of American military guards on any Mexican trains."

The order to Gen. Funston was dispatched late today. Under it the General will make such use of the railroads as the Mexican authorities permit pending further negotiations with Gen. Carranza being conducted by the State Department.

While the physical condition of the Mexican Northwestern is not good, many bridges having been destroyed during the years of revolution in Mexico, army engineers should have little difficulty in keeping it open.

POSITIVELY SHOCKING!

University Puts Censor on Job And Dresses Must Come Down.

Bloomington, Ind., March 29.—Modest males and timid teachers have been "inexpressibly shocked," in the language of the college authorities, by dancing frocks of the Indiana University co-eds this season. They have been cut entirely too low from the chin and too high from the ground, the Dean of Women says.

In line with the policy of "Sanity in Attire," the university faculty has established a censorship of clothes, and Miss Roby Mason, Dean of Women, is attending all dances and inspecting frocks.

Girl students' dresses must come up to the mark, the dean declares, though she probably means that they must not go beyond it. "The mark" appears to be an imaginary line a few inches above the shoetops, but not too many inches. Its exact latitude and longitude have not been given out for publication. If the frocks come above this imaginary Tropic of Capricorn, some distance south of the Equator, the wearers

must go back to their rooms and change for a dress in line with the censor's views. Already several students have been remanded to the dormitory for revision of attire.

A strike threatens among the male students, it is understood, especially the taller ones.

Marries a Policeman.

Miss Ada Ford, Hartford, Route 4, and Mr. Elvis Bryant, Cairo, Ill., were quietly married at Paducah last Saturday at six o'clock, p. m. The wedding came as a great surprise to the many friends of the young people.

The bride is the youngest daughter of Mr. E. W. Ford and was one of the most popular and charming young ladies of the Central Grove neighborhood. The groom is a worthy young man in every respect. He is well known in Ohio county, where he formerly lived. He has been on the police force at Cairo for several years and has made that place his home.

HAMLETT DOES NOT CARE TO REPLY TO CHARGES

Louisville, Ky., March 25.—Barksdale Hamlett, former State Superintendent of Public Instruction, whose administration was severely criticized in a report to John C. Duffy special assistant attorney general, to the governor, made public yesterday morning, arrived in Louisville yesterday from the mountains of Eastern Kentucky, where he has been spending some time since abandoning his contest against Secretary of State Lewis, Republican. At the Seelbach last night he said he did not care to dignify the criticisms aimed at him by Mr. Duffy with a reply.

ACCIDENT IS FATAL TO PROMINENT MAN

W. P. LEACH KILLED WHEN HE ACCIDENTALLY DISCHARGED HIS OWN RIFLE.

Mr. W. P. Leach, a prominent citizen of Ohio county was killed Saturday evening about seven o'clock when a bullet from his own rifle passed through him. The accident occurred at Mr. Leach's home near Sanderfur's Crossing when he attempted to take his rifle from an old fashioned gun rack. It is thought that he saw a dog among his sheep and went for his gun. He took the rifle from the rack with the muzzle towards him and it was discharged when the trigger hung on the rack. The bullet entered the left side, near the heart, and came out the back a few inches lower. There was no one in the room at the time, but his wife rushed into the room when she heard the report and was first to appear upon the scene of the tragedy.

Mr. Leach was 63 years old at the time of his death and was one of the most prominent men of his section. He was a brother-in-law to Mr. P. B. Taylor, of Hartford, and leaves a wife, three sons and one daughter surviving.

Funeral services were conducted at Liberty Wednesday afternoon by Rev. W. C. Frank, assisted by Rev. B. W. Napier. Burial followed in the Liberty burying grounds. A large number of friends attended the funeral and burial.

PROMINENT METHODIST MINISTER PASSES AWAY

Central City, Ky., March 23.—Dr. R. W. Browder, 64, president of the board of education of the Methodist church, South, died at his home in Russellville this morning at 1 o'clock, after a long illness of complications. Dr. Browder was one of the most prominent ministers in the Methodist church, having been presiding elder in many of the districts in his conference, his last charge being the Bowling Green district. Rev. Browder was twice married and is survived by his wife, formerly Miss Sullivan, of South Carrollton, a sister of Mrs. Sept Taylor, of this city, and by three children, Mrs. George Stewart, of Elizabethtown, and George Dick Browder and Stephen Rowan Browder.

The funeral and interment took place Friday afternoon at Russellville.

Ed. Note.—The Rev. Browder was a brother of County Farm Demonstrator Browder, of Hartford.

COMMISSION FOR ROAD BOND FUND

FISCAL COURT MONDAY NAMES FOUR MEN TO LOOK AFTER EXPENDITURE.

TWO FROM EACH PARTY

Jno. H. Barnes, W. T. Keown, Rowan Holbrook and W. S. Tinsley Selected to Act if Bonds Carry.

The Ohio County Fiscal Court met in adjourned session in the court house here Monday afternoon and about the most important business transacted was the election of a commission to handle the \$300,000 good roads fund if a majority votes for it in May. Without a dissenting voice the court decided to place this money, if voted, in the hands of men whom they believe more able than themselves to make every dollar do its work. Jno. H. Barnes, Democrat; W. T. Keown, Republican; Rowan Holbrook, Democrat; and W. S. Tinsley, Republican; were appointed on this committee. There is a possibility that two more names will be added to this commission later.

Two of the men named on the commission are bankers of high standing and the other two are men who have had experience in handling large sums of money. It is believed that the court made a wise selection, but there would be no objection to two more names being added to the list making a total of six. If that is done Mr. Alvin Rowe, of the Farmers Bank, of Centertown, is sure to be one of them, and his appointment would meet with popular approval. The other commissioner would likely be selected from another part of the county.

The primary object of this session of the court was to hear the report of the survey of the road to be constructed toward Cromwell, but the engineers not being ready to report other business was considered and disposed of. This pike is badly needed but it is feared that unless the bonds carry it cannot be extended as far as Cromwell at present. If the bonds carry, however, and it seems certain that they will, it will be one of the first to go down.

This session of the Fiscal Court held over until Tuesday with the following members present:

Justices Ed. Shown, Ben W. Taylor, B. F. Rice, Winston Smith, S. W. Leach, S. L. Fulkeron and R. S. Tichenor; County Judge John B. Wilson, County Attorney C. M. Crowe and County Court Clerk W. C. Blanks.

ELLIS EXONERATED.

Owensboro Court Holds That No License Necessary.

A demurrer was filed in the case of the city of Owensboro vs. W. E. Ellis & Bro., and after due consideration the case was dismissed, as had been predicted.

A warrant was sworn out last week charging Ellis & Bro., with buying poultry without a license, the city of Owensboro requiring a license of \$100 for buying poultry, butter, eggs, etc. Ellis & Bro., had bought the pool before going to Owensboro and claimed that as they were not operating a business in that city they should not be required to buy license. After the warrant was sworn out Mr. Ellis decided to test the law on the question. Had the court decided that a license was necessary to receive poultry on the railroad tracks in the future they would have probably received the pool out side the city limits.

A. S. OF E. WILL HOLD MEETING AT OWENSBORO

Headquarters Green River District Union A. S. of E., Calhoun, Ky.: Green River District Union, A. S. of E., will meet in regular quarterly convention at the court house, in Owensboro, Ky., on Thursday, April 6th at nine o'clock a. m., and continue in session till all business is transacted that should come before this session.

This will be an important meeting, and we insist that all who are

interested in the details and plans for handling the 1916 crop of tobacco be present and hear the plans and help us to further the best interest of all tobacco growers, for our plans will certainly bring satisfactory results if accepted and put into operation.

We also have other important matters that will come up for consideration, and one of these will be the establishing of a grain elevator to be located in the city of Owensboro, and other equally important matters will come before the convention for consideration. Real cooperation is working wonders and now is the time for all farmers of this section of Kentucky to take advantage of the great advantages that have been brought within their reach, so come to this meeting whether you are a member of Equity or not and we will reason together, and our plans will succeed for the betterment of all tillers of the soil.

Sincerely,
S. B. ROBERTSON, Sec.,
Green River District Union, A. S.
of E.

"GOING! GOING! WHAT'S BID FOR VILLA'S BODY?"

Field Headquarters, American Expeditionary Force, Colonia Dublan, Mex., March 28 (by aeroplane to Columbus, N. M.)—A letter received by Brig. Gen. J. J. Pershing from a Dyersburg, Tenn., firm. The letter reads:

"Gen. Pershing—Dear Sir: Is it possible for us to get the body of Villa, if he is killed? We want to hold it by embalming and keeping it in our undertaking department. We will pay a good price for his body. Please let us hear from you in regard to the same."

CENTERTOWN MAN COMMITS SUICIDE

DICK ASHBY FOUND SWINGING TO LIMB—BELIEVED MEN-TALLY UNBALANCED.

When Mr. Thorburn House returned with his wife from a short visit to one of his neighbors early Monday morning he found his father-in-law, Mr. Dick Ashby swinging to a limb in the yard of his home, a short rope around his neck and his feet touching the ground. He was dead when found and a chair nearby, apparently kicked aside told the story of the tragedy. Death was due to strangling, owing to the short distance of the fall.

Mr. Ashby was about 72 years old and the only cause ascribed for his rash act was temporary insanity. Soon after the body was found it was cut down and the remains were prepared for burial.

Burial took place in the family burying grounds near Centertown Tuesday afternoon. He leaves a wife and several children. Many other relatives also survive.

Death of Mrs. Sallie McIntyre.

Mrs. Sallie J. McIntyre died at her home at Williams Mines last Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Her remains were taken to Ceralvo Monday and after funeral services conducted by Rev. Rayburn, were interred in the Ceralvo cemetery by the side of her husband, who preceded her nearly four years.

Mrs. McIntyre was well known in Hartford, having lived here several years prior to the death of her husband, James McIntyre. The deceased who was in her 63rd year, leaves surviving her one son, John McIntyre, Ceralvo, and one daughter Miss Minnie McIntyre, with whom she lived at Williams Mines.

Notice, Farmers!

The Ohio County Union of the A. S. of E. will meet at Hartford on April 5th at 10 o'clock and the State Secretary S. B. Robertson and others of the State Board will be with us. So let all locals be represented and all farmers that can, be present. All those wanting binder twine should put in their order by then, also those wanting salt and fertilizer. Those who have not delivered their poultry should be at this meeting. There will be another poultry delivery for the pool on April 25th and 26th at Hartford and Beaver Dam.

HENRY M. PIRTLE,
County Secy.

OVER SCORE ARE KILLED IN WRECK

THREE OF THE FASTEST TRAINS CRASH ON NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.

BODIES ARE MANGLED

Most of Victims of Horrible Tragedy Were Foreigners and Several Bodies Are Unidentified.

Cleveland, Ohio, March 29.—With twenty-one mangled bodies in morgues in Amherst, thirty-seven miles west of Cleveland, and twenty-seven persons seriously injured, some dying and others severely hurt, in a hospital at Elyria, rescue parties today were working frantically to recover more dead and injured from the wrecking of three of the New York Central's fastest and finest trains, which were demolished in a double wreck at Amherst at 4 o'clock this morning.

Relief trains have been sent to the scene from Cleveland, Elyria and other nearby places. The three trains in the wreck were two sections of train 86, eastbound Chicago-to-Buffalo flyer, and the Twentieth Century Limited, pride of the New York Central.

In Heavy Fog.

The second section of the Chicago-Buffalo flyer crashed into the first section in a heavy fog when the first section stopped to take water. The Twentieth Century, westbound, plowed through the wreckage of train 86, which had been hurled to the westbound track, before flagmen could be sent to stop it.

Train No. 86 was due at Cleveland at 4:05 a. m.

Most of the dead were in the rear coaches of the first section of the Chicago-Buffalo flyer.

Some dead were found in the rear coaches of the second section of the flyer, which buckled over onto the Twentieth Century's right of way and was splintered by that train.

There are no dead among the passengers of the Twentieth Century Limited, though a number of passengers were badly hurt on this train. Two coaches of the Twentieth Century were overturned. The low casualties on the Twentieth Century are attributed to the fact that the palace train was proceeding slowly because of the heavy fog.

The second section of the flyer was going at a high rate of speed when it struck the first section.

Many of the dead probably will go to their graves unidentified.

Most of those killed were asleep in the rear day coach of first train 86 at the time of the crash and they had removed wraps and coats and other articles of identifying clothing.

The bodies of many of these scantly-clad victims are so horribly mangled that identification, without the guidance of the clothing they wore, will be impossible.

Some of the victims were decapitated. Arms, legs and portions of human bodies were scattered thickly through the wreckage.

Relief parties collected the remains of three bodies—those of a woman two men—and piled them, indiscriminately in one basket. They probably will be buried together.

Sees Snakes.

Rockport, Ky., March 25.—Frank Blevens, an Ohio county farmer, had an exciting encounter with a number of black snakes which he plowed up on his farm near here yesterday. He was plowing new ground when he uncovered a nest of squirming black snakes which immediately got busy and proceeded to make trouble for the hardy tiller of the soil. One of the reptiles wrapped itself around the leg of the farmer while the others began hissing and striking at the horses, causing them to become frightened and run away. With his pocket knife the farmer severed the head of the reptile that had entwined itself around his leg and then he proceeded to attack the rest. Altogether he killed ten black snakes, some of them being fully five feet in

length. This is the first bunch of snakes seen in this section this year.—Owensboro Inquirer.

MORTALLY WOUNDED WHEN TREE PINS HIM TO EARTH

Mr. Lon Kitchens was mortally wounded when a tree fell on him yesterday morning near Cromwell. Several months ago someone had cut a tree near where Mr. Kitchens was hurt and it fell and lodged in another tree nearby. Yesterday morning Kitchens felled a tree that lodged in the same tree and in his efforts to clear the timber that he had cut he dislodged the one cut by the other man and catching him unawares it pinned him to the earth, mashing his head and inflicting internal injuries. He was thought to be dying yesterday, no hope being held for his recovery.

Mrs. Evaline Davis Dead.

Mrs. Evaline Davis died at the residence of her son, James T. Davis, near Sunnydale, early last Saturday morning of dropsy and complications from which she had been suffering for several months. After funeral services conducted by her pastor, Rev. Vanhooy, at Marvin's Chapel, Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock, her remains were interred in the Sunnydale cemetery by the side of her husband who preceded her 24 years.

The deceased, who had been a member of the M. E. Church, South, for more than 50 years, leaves surviving 9 children—6 daughters and 3 sons—39 grandchildren and 3 great-grandchildren, two brothers Messrs. T. W. and W. H. Acton, and a host of other relatives and friends. She was seventy years and nine days old.

PITTSBURGH HAS FIRST 1916 FLOOD

ALLEGHENEY AND MONONGAHELA PASS DANGER STAGE AND CONTINUE TO RISE.

THE OTHER SIDE OF WAR WEDDINGS

ENGLISH GIRL REFUSES TO MARRY SOLDIER UNTIL THE WAR IS OVER.

WANTS TO BE LEFT FREE

Then if Officer Comes Home With Eyes Out or Arms Off She Can Prove Love True.

Then there will be a real war wedding! Oh, how jolly! I'm so glad. All my congratulations.

That was the kind of remark that greeted her every day, and she had to explain that the engagement ring did not mean a war wedding, and that, in fact, there would be no marriage until he came back from the war. Her people were disappointed. The man was a senior officer, a thoroughly good fellow, and they were both deeply in love. It would be so much nicer for her to be married. And then, if—well, if he did not return she would have a pension that would, at least, ease the material side of life. They could not understand how the girl could stand out so definitely when all who cared for her were willing, even eager, to help her in the thousand little tasks and details associated with a war wedding.

"Don't open up house," a kindly relative said, "come and live with me. You shall have a sitting room to yourself so that when he comes home on leave it will be almost like having a home of your own."

But the engaged girl, grateful as she was, declined the offer, and it was only to an understanding friend that she confided her point of view.

"It's not a thing one can talk about very easily," she said, "but I should like you to know, I think that every man who marries and returns almost immediately to his post of duty has very mixed feelings. He is tremendously happy, of course, to know that the girl he loves is his, that when he is out at the front, he will be tied to her by the most sacred bond that exists. And the girl, of course, is happy, too. But there is another side of the question. The man may argue that if he comes back fit and strong happiness lies before them. He may say that if he is killed in action his wife will at least be beyond the attack of poverty and material distress! He knows that the pension due to an officer's wife will at least keep her from want. Both these considerations are in favor of a war wedding. But—and this is where the man hesitates—supposing he comes back without an arm or with two legs missing, or utterly, hopelessly blind? He thinks of the girl, young, beautiful, full of strength and health, and the idea that she should be tied to a maimed and crippled creature is absolutely intolerable. He knows that the girl would be glad to serve him with all her love and tenderness. But he regards it as a sacrifice, and his chivalry will not allow him to accept the sacrifice.

You see, if the girl is his wife he knows that she will stay beside him from a sense of duty. Her place is at his side. Can't you see how that might hurt a man?

"Now, take my position. If my man comes back smashed up badly, with limbs missing, he knows that I am free to marry someone else. There is nothing between us that can not be broken. And if I tell him how much I love him and how greatly I need him, it will in a way reassure him. He will realize that I am coming to him out of my own free will, and not because I am his wife.

"I don't think that people realize how deeply most men feel this aspect of war weddings. They know how the average girl loves a man in khaki. They realize that the love that prompted a girl to marry a man, who heroic and strong and splendid, was ordered out for the front, might not be strong and real enough to make happiness possible for her if he came back battered and broken. So many men feel that the girl doesn't quite realize that it does take rather a big love to make joy at all possible in a married life that would be much out of the ordinary.

"That's why," she went on, "I do not believe in war weddings. If I desired it Dick would marry me tomorrow. But I know that it will make him happier to think that I am free. It is a sacrifice for me, but I make it very gladly, knowing what it means to him. We are sure of our love. If he comes back to me we shall be married at once. Our engagement has been announced only because my right to be with him if he comes home wounded will be the more clearly asserted. We are very happy—perhaps a little happier than those who have not considered the other side of the war wedding.

"You see," she added, "there are

cases that make a man think. Dick has a great friend who married in the early days of the war. The girl was greatly excited. She imagined herself to be in love. She rather liked being an officer's wife. A month ago her husband came back with one leg missing, and his health so seriously undermined that the doctor has ordered him to live permanently in the country. The girl loves town life. A week-end in the country bores her. The man knows that happiness is impossible for her, and the girl, simply, from a sense of duty, will go with him to his country retreat, and both will be intensely unhappy. I would find happiness with Dick whatever happened to him, but he would not believe it unless I were free to choose by life when he came back broken and hurt. No, we are going to have a peace wedding, please God, and just because we have waited for our happiness, it will be all the finer when it comes."

To the Last Ditch.

"Well, have you been fixing your fences?"

"Been digging trenches," declared Congressman Flubdub. "I'm in for a real fight."—Kansas City Journal.

Good for Colds.

Honey, Pine-Tar and Glycerine are recognized cold remedies. In Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey these are combined with other cough medicine in a pleasant syrup. Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey quickly stops your cough, checks your cold, soothes irritation of the throat. Excellent for young, adult and aged. Its one of the best cough syrups made. Formula on every bottle. You know just what you are taking and your doctor knows its good for coughs and colds. Insist on Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. Only 25¢ at druggists.

LANSING WILL BE PRESIDENT ONE DAY

SECRETARY WILL FILL CHAIR DUE TO FACT THAT MARCH 4TH FALLS ON SUNDAY.

Washington, March 27.—When President Wilson handed to Robert Lansing a commission as secretary of state of the United States neither he nor Mr. Lansing dreamed that commission carried with it a twenty-four hour term as acting president of the United States.

Yet the interesting fact has been uncovered by a parliamentary sharp, Henry M. Ross, assistant secretary of the United States senate, that no matter who may win the presidency at the polls next fall Robert Lansing will be president of the United States pro tem, for about twenty-four hours from noon March 4 and noon March 5 next year.

This anomalous situation will arise from the fact that a presidential term will expire on Sunday.

When March 4 of inauguration year falls on Sunday the custom is to defer the inauguration of the incoming president until the following day.

The terms of president and vice-president will expire on March 4, 1917. Under an act of congress on January 19, 1886, the secretary of state is made third in line of succession. In the case of Mr. Lansing the president's message to the senate is as follows:

"To the Senate of the United States—I nominate Robert Lansing of New York, late counselor for the department of state, to be secretary of state, to which office he was appointed during the last recess of the senate, vice William Jennings Bryan, resigned."

This message was sent to the senate on December 7, 1915.

The commission issued to Mr. Lansing by the president specifies no term whatsoever, although it contains the familiar phrase "during the pleasure of the president of the United States for the time being."

It will be observed that the president in naming men for cabinet positions never specifies any term for which they are to serve.

Robert Lansing will continue to be secretary of state after President Wilson's term as president expires and the experts say there can be no doubt that the honor will fall to Lansing to be "acting president of the United States" from 12 o'clock noon of Sunday, March 4, until some minutes after 12 o'clock noon Monday, March 5. Mr. Rose, discoverer of this fact, says:

"He should, under the unique precedent and unparalleled condition, be permitted to sleep under the White House roof that eventful night and to occupy a seat in the president's carriage upon the journey to and from the capitol on inauguration day. Wonderful and momentous things might happen during this brief space of time and the worthy secretary of state might be called upon to perform services of great import to the nation."

SOME FACTS OF EARLY HISTORY

INITIAL EXPLORERS OF KENTUCKY WERE FORERUNNERS OF GOOD ROADS.

FIRST WHITE MEN IN 1750

Good Roads Apostle Writes Interestingly of Daniel Boone, Isaac Shelby and Others.

The following is furnished by James Maret, president of the Boone Highway, Mt. Vernon, Ky., who will shortly publish a history of Daniel Boone, and of Trails and Highways, etc.

In 1750 a small party of Virginians, from Orange and Culpeper counties, Dr. Thomas Walker, Ambrose Powell and Colby Chew among them, entered what is now the state of Kentucky at Cumberland Gap, being the first white men known to have visited interior or Eastern Kentucky. Isaac Shelby, the first Governor of the State, stated that in 1770 he was on Yellow Creek, a mile or two from Cumberland Mountain, in company with Dr. Walker and others, when Walker told him of having been upon that spot twenty years before, and 'yonder beech tree bears the record of it; Ambrose Powell marked his name and the year upon it; you will find it there now.' Col. Shelby examined the tree, and found upon it large, legible characters, A. Powell, 1750. The party traveled down Holston River, crossed over the mountains into Powell's valley, thence thru Cumberland Gap, and along the route afterward celebrated as the Wilderness road, until they arrived at Hazel Patch, now Laurel county. Here the company divided. Dr. Walker and his party turned northward to the Kentucky River, which he called Louise River; followed it down some distance without finding much level land, became disappointed and turned up one of its branches to its head and crossed over the mountains to New River in Virginia to a place now called Walker's Meadow.

It is said that Walker was making for the Ohio River, but bore too far to the east. The party then returned to their homes. Dr. Walker later surveyed out the border line between Tennessee and Kentucky. Tennessee was first called the District of Washington.

Other Explorers And Hunters.

In 1761, a company of nineteen men, among them Wallen, Skaggs, Newman, Elevins and Cox, part of them from Pennsylvania, the others from Virginia, went thru the Moccasin Gap in Clinch Mountain, established a station on Wallins Creek, now Lee county, Virginia, and hunted there for eighteen months. They named Powell Valley, from seeing the name of Ambrose Powell inscribed on a tree near the mouth of Wallens Creek, on Powell River. They gave names to Clinch River, Copper Ridge, Newmans, Wallens and Skaggs Ridges. There is a Skaggs trace and Skaggs Creek in Rockcastle county. How far they penetrated into Kentucky on this trip is not known.

The same company of hunters in the fall of 1763 again passed thru Cumberland Gap and spent the season in hunting on the Cumberland River. The next year, 1764, was made in Rockcastle River, not far from Crab Orchard. (The town of Crab Orchard took its name from the innumerable thickets or orchards of crab apple trees, which when in bloom the perfume therefrom could be smelled miles away.) These hunters visited these parts a number of times thereafter.

In June, 1776, a party of five persons passed thru Cumberland Gap. These men were Capt. James Smith (afterward, until his death about 1814, prominent citizen of Bourbon county, Kentucky, Joshua Horton, Uriah Stone, William Baker and a mulatto slave about 18 years old. They "found no vestige of any white man." The south branch of the Cumberland River, which empties into it eight or ten miles above Nashville, they named Stone River, after one of their number.

Party From South Carolina.

In 1767, a party from South Carolina, Isaac Lindsey and four others, came thru Cumberland Gap, to what Lindsey called Rockcastle River, from a romantic looking rock thru the fissures of which the water dripped and froze in rows below. They went down the river as far as the mouth of Stone River, where they found Michael Stone, who has come hither with James Harrod from Illinois to hunt. Later, 1777, Harrod founded Harrodstown or Harrodsburg. Stone settled in Bourbon county and Stone Creek took its name from him.

John Findlay 1767.

In 1767 John Findlay made an ex-

pedition into Kentucky for the purpose of hunting and training with the Indians. From Cumberland Gap the warriors path, "leading from the Cumberland ford, along the broken country on the eastern branch of the Kentucky River, and so across the Licking River toward the mouth of the Scioto." Two years later, 1769, Findlay conducted Daniel Boone, John Stewart and three others from their homes on the Yadkin River in North Carolina to a spot "on Red River, the northernmost branch of the Kentucky River, where John Findlay had formerly been trading with the Indians, where on June 7, 1769, from the top of an eminence they saw with pleasure the beautiful level of Kentucky." This point is located about thirty miles east of Richmond. Boone Captured By Indians.

While out hunting one day Boone and Stewart were made prisoners. After several days they made their escape and upon returning to their camp found it plundered and their comrades "dispersed or gone home." Findlay made his way back to the settlements. Stewart was shortly afterward killed by Indians; but not until Squire Boone and another adventurer had found their way from North Carolina. The tragic death of Stewart frightened the newcomer, and he "returned home by himself." The brothers were thus left alone in the wilderness. On the first of May, 1770, Squire Boone "returned home for a new recruit of horses and ammunition, leaving Daniel alone without bread, salt or sugar, or even a horse or dog." While thus alone in May, 1770, he wandered to the hills that skirted the Ohio River and for the first time in life looked down upon that majestic stream.

Watch Child's Cough.

Colds, running of nose, continued irritation of the mucous membrane if neglected may mean catarrh later. Don't take the chances—do something for your child! Children will not take every medicine, but they will take Dr. King's New Discovery and without bribing or teasing. It's a sweet pleasant Tar Syrup and so effective. Just laxative enough to eliminate the waste poisons. Almost the first dose helps. Always prepared, no mixing or fussing. Just ask your druggist for Dr. King's New Discovery. It will safeguard your child against serious ailments resulting from colds.

A Move to Incorporate.

She—I shall have to be a little firm with you.

He—Fine. Let us make it a partnership!—Judge.

The Court of Last Resort.

Around the stove of the cross roads grocery is the real court of last resort, for it finally overrules all others. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been brought before this court in almost every cross roads grocery in this country, and has always received a favorable verdict. It is in the country where man expects to receive full value for his money that this remedy is most appreciated. Obtainable everywhere.

POND RUN.

Mr. S. B. Shemwell, of Cleaton, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. J. A. Tomerlin.

Mr. Alford Robinson and wife were the guests of his mother, Mrs. Liza Robinson, Sunday.

Mr. Shelby Robinson, wife and baby visited his uncle, Mr. L. J. Robinson and family Sunday.

Mr. Harvie Bratcher and wife, of Comodale, are visiting Mrs. Bratcher's mother, Mrs. Nannie Fulker.

Misses Eva and Esther Fulton, Ruth and Bessie Graham, Delcie Campfield and Mr. Charlie Williams were the guests of Miss Margaret Tomerlin Sunday afternoon.

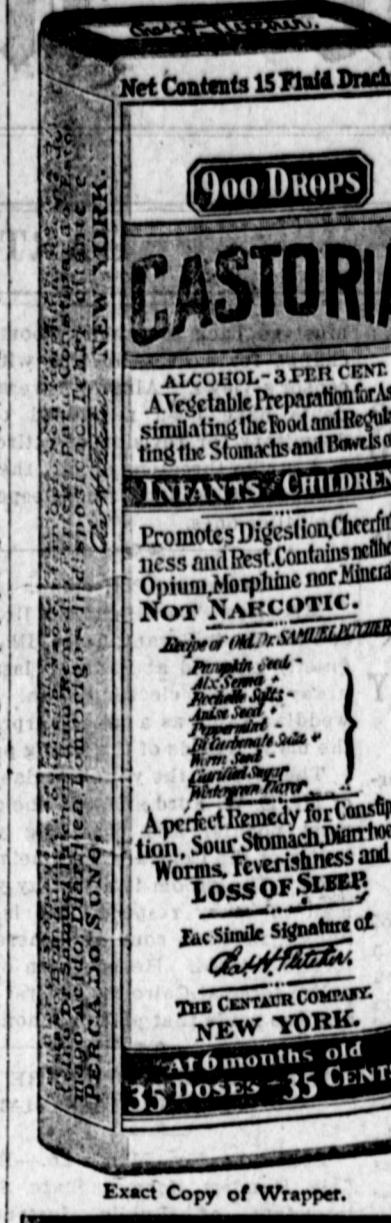
Mrs. S. C. Hunter and daughter, Maggie, spent the day with Mrs. Ernie Rowe Monday.

Miss Edith Fulkerson spent Sunday afternoon with Miss Maggie Hunter.

Wages of Male Farm Labor.

Farm wages advanced slightly during the past year in the principal grain states and remained stationary or declined in the cotton states. The higher grain prices and lower cotton prices influenced such changes. During the past year there was less scarcity of farm labor than during a number of preceding years. For the entire United States wages per day of male farm labor increased about one cent during the past year, and averaged about \$1.47 without board and \$1.13 with board. For labor hired by the month the rate without board increased during the year 27 cents, to \$30.15, as compared with \$29.88 last year; rates with board, which is the more general method of hiring, increased from \$21.05 to \$21.26—an increase of 21 cents. Wages have been tending upward almost steadily since 1894. The increase in the past five years is about 10 per cent and in the past 20 years about 65 per cent.

Farm wages vary widely in differ-



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

J. H. Fletcher.

In Use

For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Starck Pianos



No Money in Advance—Satisfaction Guaranteed—Lowest Net Factory Prices—Easiest Terms—A Saving of \$100 to \$200—From Factory Direct



30 DAYS' FREE TRIAL IN YOUR OWN HOME

We will ship you a beautiful Starck Piano for 30 days' free trial, in your home. No cash payment required. All we ask is that you will play upon, use and test this piano for 30 days. If, at the end of that time, you do not find it the highest grade, sweetest toned and finest piano in every way, that you have ever seen for the money, you are at perfect liberty to send it back, and we will, or there is no sale.

Save \$150.00 or More

We ship direct to you from our factory, at the price that you upwards of \$150.00 for a better piano. We guarantee to furnish you a better piano for the money than you can secure elsewhere. You are assured of receiving a satisfactory sweet toned durable high grade piano.

25-Year Guarantees

Every Starck Piano is guaranteed for 25 years, and we offer a 25-year guarantee of all standard makes taken in exchange for new Starck Pianos and Player-Pianos. The following are a few sample bargains:

Weber \$110.00
Steinway 92.00
Chickering 90.00
Kimball 95.00
Starck 195.00

Send for our latest complete second-hand bargain list.

P. A. STARCK PIANO CO. 1434 Starck Bldg., CHICAGO

Easy Payments

You pay no cash down, but after 30 days of trial, you begin payment at the lowest, easiest terms ever suggested by a piano manufacturer. These terms will be suited to your convenience, and it is possible for you to buy a piano for your home, without missing the money.

Starck Player-Pianos

Starck Player-Pianos are the best and most beautiful Player-Pianos on the market. You will be delighted with many exclusive features of these wonderful instruments, and will be pleased with the very low prices at which they can be secured.

Player-Piano Free Book

AN AUDITED STATEMENT OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOL ACCOUNTS

Of County Superintendent Shults' Office Since
He Took Charge Of Same.

Hartford, Ky., March 24, 1916.

To the Citizens and Taxpayers of Ohio County:—Realizing more and more as the days go by the responsibility of the office I hold, and finding that it is just, fair and right that those who pay the taxes and bear the burdens of government are justly entitled to a "LOOK AT THE BOOKS" of their public servants, and in fulfilling the promise heretofore made, I most cheerfully submit the following audited statement as to the income and disbursements of the School Superintendent's office since taking charge of same on January 5, 1914. Most respectfully submitted.

OZNA SHULTS, S. S. O. C.

Hartford, Ky., Feb. 22, 1916.

Ohio County Board of Education, Gentlemen:—At the request of Supt. Ozna Shults, we, your committee appointed to audit the books as Treasurer of the Ohio County Board of Education, beg leave to report that we have audited said books from a period beginning January 9, 1914, to and including January 24, 1916, and that he has received from all sources the following amounts:

Jan. 9th, 1914 Borrowed money Citizens Bank.....	\$ 2,880.00
Jan. 10th. " T. H. Black, Taxes.....	82.27
Jan. 12th. " Henry Leach, Supt., Balance Account.....	262.70
Feb. 13th. " Borrowed Money Burgess Fund.....	125.00
Feb. 18th. " Borrowed Money J. W. Brown.....	600.00
March 25th. " Borrowed Money Citizens Bank.....	797.97
March 30th. " W. C. Blankenship, Clerk, Land Sales for Taxes.....	59.45
June 8th. " Henry Leach, Supt., Balance Account.....	208.11
July 29th. " S. O. Keown, R. R. Taxes.....	1,771.00
Aug. 6th. " S. O. Keown, Taxes.....	254.22
Sept. 11th. " Sale Odell Schoolhouse.....	40.00
Sept. 11th. " S. O. Keown, Taxes.....	397.67
Sept. 11th. " Sale of Taylortown Schoolhouse.....	40.00
Oct. 12th. " S. O. Keown, Taxes.....	1,183.23
Nov. 7th. " S. O. Keown, Taxes.....	1,570.31
Dec. 16th. " S. O. Keown, Taxes.....	6,152.22
Jan. 19th, 1915 S. O. Keown, Taxes.....	176.23
Jan. 27th. " W. C. Blankenship, Clerk, Land Sales for Taxes.....	35.78
Feb. 12th. " S. O. Keown, Taxes.....	109.26
March 27th. " Beaver Dam R. R. Tax.....	41.15
June 15th. " Beaver Dam R. R. Tax.....	20.40
July 3rd. " S. O. Keown, Taxes.....	2,046.13
July 27th. " Marvin Hoover, Chart.....	6.25
July 27th. " Ernest Wilson, Chart.....	6.25
July 27th. " Iva Ambrose, Chart.....	6.25
July 27th. " Marvin Wright, Chart.....	6.25
July 27th. " Clarence Shown, Chart.....	6.25
July 27th. " Mrs. J. M. McFerran, Chart.....	6.25
July 27th. " J. P. Southard Chart.....	6.25
July 27th. " A. O. Ross, Chart.....	6.25
Sept. 20th. " S. O. Keown, Taxes.....	571.91
Oct. 5th. " S. O. Keown, Taxes.....	481.40
Oct. 28th. " S. O. Keown, Taxes.....	500.00
Nov. 4th. " S. O. Keown, Taxes.....	1,031.70
Nov. 29th. " S. O. Keown, Taxes.....	1,500.00
Dec. 29th. " S. O. Keown, Taxes.....	5,807.87
Jan. 13th, 1916 Beaver Dam R. R. Tax.....	39.93
Jan. 18th. " Sale of Coal.....	3.00
Total amount received from all sources.....	\$29,444.41

Disbursements For the Year 1914.

For services on Board.....	\$ 153.00
For Printing.....	66.66
Freight Paid.....	115.59
High School Tuition.....	2,227.00
Well Digging.....	742.25
Coal, Hauling and incidentals.....	2,344.27
Stoves and Furniture.....	602.46
Telephone, Desk and Typewriter.....	79.00
Writing and Recording Deeds.....	6.50
Expense three members County Board to K. E. A.....	18.05
Notes and Interest Paid.....	6,609.86
Taxes refunded (wrongfully charged).....	15.79
Office Expense.....	152.73
Taking Census.....	307.40
Total amount expended during the year, 1914.....	\$13,440.61

Disbursements For the Year 1915, To and Including January 24, 1916.

Notes Paid.....	\$ 3,500.00
Interest Paid.....	125.30
High School Tuition.....	2,029.00
Digging Wells, Etc.....	887.20
Taking Census.....	365.90
Building Washington Schoolhouse.....	506.11
Building Taylor Schoolhouse.....	467.01
Building Chapman Schoolhouse.....	519.25
Freight Paid.....	67.84
Paint and Painting.....	366.19
School Furniture.....	330.60
Services County Board.....	204.00
Lumber for Coalhouses.....	98.31
Taxes Refunded (wrongfully charged).....	22.70
Stoves.....	111.69
Extra Attendance.....	69.00
Funds Paid To Teachers.....	105.74
Tuition Paid Beaver Dam Graded School for 6 pupils transferred.....	27.00
Expenses Two Members of County Board to K. E. A.....	13.80
Rent for Schoolhouse.....	6.00
Writing Deed.....	1.00
Printing, Advertising, Etc.....	28.35
Office Expense.....	151.55
Coal, Hauling, Buckets, Brooms, Crayon and incidental expense.....	2,143.98
Total Expended During Year, 1915, and to and Including January 24, 1916.....	\$12,147.52

Total amount received from all sources.....	\$29,444.41
Total amount expended during year, 1914.....	\$13,440.61
Total amount expended during year, 1915, and up to and including January 24, 1916, balance cash.....	\$12,147.52
January 24, 1916, balance cash.....	\$8,856.28

Total amount received from all sources.....

Total amount expended during year, 1914.....

Total amount expended during year, 1915, and up to and including January 24, 1916, balance cash.....

January 24, 1916, balance cash.....

Total.....

We have carefully checked and added the receipts and disbursements of said Treasurer covering above mentioned period and find them to be correct and further we find receipt on file for all of above disbursements, and the books have been kept in a good, legible way.

Respectfully submitted,

C. M. CROWE,
C. O. HUNTER,
Committee.

Hartford, Ky., March 16, 1916.

Ohio County Board Of Education, Gentlemen:—We, your committee appointed at the request of Supt. Ozna Shults, to audit the books of said Superintendent, as Treasurer of the Ohio County Teachers' Fund, beg leave to report that we have audited said books from a period beginning January 9, 1914, to January 1, 1916, and that he has received from all sources the following sums:

1914 Jan. 9th Received from Supt. Leach.....	\$ 2,910.32
" Jan. 13th Received from State Supt.....	5,931.23
" Feb. 13th Received from State Supt.....	5,931.37
" March 26th Received from Ohio County Board of Education.....	2,082.03
" Oct. 8th Received from State Supt.....	6,572.25
" Nov. 14th Received from State Supt.....	6,572.25
" Dec. 12th Received from State Supt.....	13,144.50
1915 Jan. 8th Received from State Supt.....	6,572.25
" Feb. 13th Received from State Supt.....	6,572.27
" June 30th Received from Ohio County Board of Education.....	105.74
" Oct. 9th Received from State Supt.....	6,495.37
" Nov. 12th Received from State Supt.....	6,495.37
" Dec. 10th Received from State Supt.....	12,996.74

Total amount received from all sources.....

We further state that he paid out to various parties, as per cancelled checks on file in the Superintendent's office, (all of which has been checked and tabulated by the committee),

The sum of.....

Jan. 1, 1916, cash in bank.....

Total.....

Respectfully reported,

C. M. CROWE,
C. O. HUNTER,
Committee.

FERGUSON DISCOVERS TERRIBLE TRAGEDY

the sound of quick breathing, there was only a tense silence.

The man on the floor suddenly ceased to struggle. The two brutes eyed one another. Their lips formed a single syllable—"dead." With lurching steps they slung towards the doorway behind. The girl shrank back as they passed her, and when they had gone crept to the body. She lifted the lax head and kissed the lips passionately. Then with a shudder, and a swift upward glance, she drew a revolver. Her body fell heavily across that of the man.

With an effort Ferguson roused himself. He had seen enough. Through the reeking gloom he made his way, still unobserved, to the door. The clean air blew keenly into his face, freedom was before him, when a heavy hand touched his shoulder.

"Beg pardon, sir."

Ferguson realized that for every

departure from the normal the Fates demand payment.

"Sorry, I forgot," he said and thrust a shilling piece into the man's hands.

"Keep the change."

"Thank you, sir. I saw you go in, but I didn't like to interrupt. The girl in the ticket office is new and a bit careless. pity you could not have stayed another 10 minutes. They are just starting 'Charlie Chaplin Breaks the Bank.'

Proper Treatment For Biliousness.

For a long time Miss Lula Skelton, Churchville, N. Y., was bilious and had sick headache and dizzy spells. Chamberlain's Tablets were the only things that gave her permanent relief. Obtainable everywhere.

Pills Best for Liver.

Because they contain the best liver medicines, no matter how bitter or nauseating for the sweet sugar coating hides the taste. Dr. King's New Life Pills contain ingredients that put the liver working, move the bowels freely. No gripes, no nausea, aid digestion. Just try a bottle of Dr. King's New Life Pills and notice how much better you feel 25¢ at drug-gists.

LOADING IN DARKNESS

Cause of Machine Guns Not Working at Columbus.

Washington, March 20.—An official report explaining that difficulty of loading in darkness was responsible for the failure of two of the four weapons of the Thirteenth Cavalry's machine-gun troop in the fight with Villa and his bandits at Columbus was received today at the War Department. Press dispatches telling of the guns jamming had caused

Brig. Gen. Crozier, Chief of Ordnance, to order an investigation.

The report, transmitted by the officer commanding the machine-gun troop thru the headquarters of the San Antonio arsenal follows:

"The reason for the jamming of the machine guns during the fight last Thursday morning was not the failure of the mechanism to function properly, but was due to the fact that the night was dark and it was very difficult matter to load the guns. In loading the guns the feed strip has to be inserted in a narrow slot or guide. If the strip is not inserted properly in this guide the gun will fire about five shots and will then



Typewriter Gives Business Standing

small town merchant, the rural business man or the farmer who uses a typewriter has the advantage over the man who does not.

The typewriter not only saves time in writing letters and making out bills, but it adds prestige and reputation to the user.

•The L. C. Smith & Bros. Typewriter•

is especially adapted to use in rural districts because it will stand more wear and does not require an expert operator. By following the instructions we will give you, you will have no trouble learning.

Mail This Coupon Today

Please send me your free book

I do not use a typewriter at present.

I am using a typewriter and would like to learn about your special offer to exchange it for a new one.

Name _____

P. O. _____

State

Hartford Republican.

Entered according to law at the Postoffice Hartford, Ky., as mail matter of the second class.

ALISON J. BARNETT.....Editor
W. S. TINSLEY.....Business Manager

Address all communications to
The Hartford Republican.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

Subscribers desiring the paper sent to a new address must give the old address in making the request.

Business Locals and Notices 10¢ per line and 5¢ per line for each additional insertion.

Obituaries, Resolutions and Card of Thanks, 5¢ per line, money in advance.

Church Notices for services free, but other advertisements, 5¢ per line.

Anonymous communications will receive no attention.

TELEPHONES.
Cumberland 123
Farmers Mutual 50

FRIDAY, MARCH 31.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce TOM SPURRIER, of Grayson county, as candidate for Congress, from the Fourth District, subject to the action of the Republican primary, Saturday, August 5, 1916.

Kites are said to fly higher this year on account of the European war.

We could have built a railroad while we were waiting for permission from Carranza to use those dinkies down in Mexico.

Practicing makes perfect, but there are mighty few guys who ever reach a very lofty stage of perfection by practicing what they preach.

After Wilson, Lansing will be president for one day, because March 4th comes on Sunday, then the Democratic donkey will, with a last hee-haw, disappear from view.

The Ohio County Fiscal Court is to be commanded for its action in selecting a commission to handle the good roads money, if the bonds carry. The members of the court by this action have shown their unselfishness, their willingness to step aside for what they believe to be the good of their people. They are good fellows, these magistrates and Ohio county appreciates their good judgment in stepping aside for better financiers. The Henderson Fiscal Court refused to elect a commission, consequently the petition for the bond election was withdrawn. The petition would not have been withdrawn in Ohio county had our fiscal court refused this commission, but as it is the chances loom brighter for the bond issue to carry. The commission as appointed by the court is heartily approved by the writer.

OHIO COUNTY'S COMIN'.

County Farm Demonstrator Browder is heading a movement to organize a progressive club for Ohio county, whoopee! Something we have needed for, lo, these many years and every business man, every man engaged in any kind of profession, and in fact every citizen should rally to the colors. Paupers in theory, rich in reality, we should develop our splendid resources.

The idea is to organize a club in every town and rural district in the county and for these various clubs to constitute the progressive club of Ohio county the purpose of which will be to pull, boost and shove our interests. It will help the farmer to get better prices for his produce; it will help the deserving merchant; it will strive to establish a closer relation between those living in the rural districts and the man who makes his home in the town. It is proposed to conduct a ladies waiting room in the county seat, a place for the wife to pass away the time while her escort is attending to business matters.

Ohio county has been sleeping now for many years and she's had time to get her nap out. This progressive movement has sounded the alarm. The sun is up. Will we sit, stretch, yawn and go back to sleep, or will we spring from our palates and join the others who are taking advantage of the dawn of this brighter day?

We'll answer. Ohio county's comin' and the man who doesn't want to fall in bad better sell and get out, else his land may go so high that he can't sell.

SOME THINGS NOT PROUDLY LOOKED UPON

(Harry Sommers in Elizabethtown News.)

We are not proud of the fact that one of the appointees of Governor Stanley undertook to influence legislation in direct violation of the laws of the State.

We are not proud of the fact that after two campaigns against invisible government, or corrupt lobbying,

that two of the closest political friends of the Governor and two men appointed to responsible positions at Frankfort were hired lobbyists to put a measure through the Legislature.

We are not proud of the Pike county probe in the face of the fact of the persistent reports that there is in existence a signed paper in which there was a money consideration for a campaign fund in exchange for the creation of a new county.

We are not proud of a reported deal between a Democratic administration and Republican members of the Legislature which had for its purpose the passage of certain bills and the defeat of certain others.

Elected as the avowed champions of the county unit law, we are not proud of the fact that the Rules Committee of the House was picked from the "wettest" members, and that the bill to limit the shipment of liquor into dry territory, aimed entirely against bootlegging, was smothered in that committee after fifty-three members of the House had petitioned for its report for passage.

We are not proud of the fact that nineteen bills to aid in the enforcement of the county unit law only one was passed.

We are not proud of the fact that the disgraces of the proceedings of the Legislature grew out of the wet forces attempting to stifle and thwart the will of the majority.

We are not proud of the fact that the pledges of the Governor to abolish all useless offices resulted in the abolishment of none, but the unnecessary creation of several.

We are not proud of the fact that a most thorough investigation was going to reveal the grossest extravagance, and that the only report made was against the Illiteracy Commission and that this report was absolutely unfounded in fact, especially against Mrs. Stewart.

We are not proud of the fact that instead of the promised county unit rule we have absolute liquor domination.

We are not proud of the fact that with a \$3,000,000 deficit and an annual shortage of \$600,000 to meet expenses the Legislature did nothing to relieve it.

We are not proud of that reduction of 30,000 majority to a 300 majority, and we are humiliated when we think of what may happen in Kentucky this fall if the party organization remains under the domination of the interests which now control it.

SHOT FROM AMBUSH.

Ashland, Ky., March 28.—As James Collins and daughter, Mrs. Mae Branham, of near Cannonsburg, were returning home from Cattlettsburg late yesterday evening, where they had been to see about a divorce, which Mrs. Branham had filed, they were shot, each two times, with a shotgun from an ambush.

Collins was shot in the face and leg, and his daughter in the back and leg. Neither will die. The fact that the top of the buggy, in which they were riding, was all that saved their lives. The authorities are seeking a man whom they suspect, but so far have failed to find any trace of him.

NOTICE TO MEMBERS OF CO. H.

The members of Co. H. are directed to report at the armory for drill on Saturday April 1st at 2 p. m. and again in the evening at 7:30. New equipment for indoor rifle practice has arrived and after each of these drills members will be allowed to shoot for qualification on the indoor range.

A few vacancies now occur upon the roster of the company and it is desired that new recruits enlisting should have the necessary service required previous to encampment to entitle them to Federal pay.

A pay bill which will authorize pay for members who attend drills in the future is practically sure to pass Congress during the next 30 days and in view of this fact new recruits are preferred among parties who reside near enough to Hartford to attend regularly.

Clarence B. Shown
1st Lieut., Commanding Co. H.

MCHENRY.

March 28.—The lecture by Prof. Lang Friday night was enjoyed by all present.

Dr. J. S. Smith, who has been on the sick list, is improving.

The two-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Taylor was buried Thursday.

Mrs. McIntire, of Williams Mines, was buried Monday.

Messrs. Murry Blackburn and Grace Goodall, of Illinois, have returned home.

Mr. John Thorpe, better known as Jack, and one Mr. O. M. Reid, are stirring up the dust in every sandy place practicing the hoot slide. Look out for Kitty!

Mr. Selby Sandefur and father, visited relatives here Saturday night and Sunday.

Gardens are looking well at this writing.

\$8,611,000 FOR VILLA PURSUIT

CONGRESS RUSHES EMERGENCY APPROPRIATION THROUGH TO FINANCE CHASE.

WANT USE OF ROADS

FEARED THAT FAILURE OF CARRANZA TO GRANT PERMISSION TO USE RAILROADS MAY HAMPER PLANS.

Washington, March 28.—Diplomatic and domestic aspects of the Mexican problem overshadowed its military side here to-night. Official reports from Gen. Funston disclosed no change in the situation on the border or in Mexico. Congress rushed through an emergency appropriation of \$8,611,502 to pay for the pursuit of the bandits and the State Department prepared to press Gen. Carranza for permission to use Mexican railways to solve the troop supply problem.

Fears expressed in press reports from the border—that failure to obtain use of the railroads might seriously hamper the pursuit of Villa were not reflected at either the State or War departments. Senator Gallinger, Republican leader in the Senate, presented to Secretary Baker a telegram from Senator Fall at El Paso dealing with the railway and border questions. It declared shipments of gasoline intended for the American forces in Mexico were being held up by Carranza officials.

GROWING GOOD WILL.

The department's dispatches of last night and to-day, while meager, and dealing with technical matters, indicate continued and growing good will toward our expedition in Mexico. Secretary Baker said later in a statement. "It's object appears to be thoroughly understood by the people of Mexico. We have no dispatches indicating any cause for apprehension."

The communication to Gen. Carranza will be made through Special Representative Rodgers at Queretaro, to whom instructions went forward to-night. State Department officials said that it seemed necessary to impress upon the de facto government the need for special consideration of the request to use the lines south from the border without awaiting the perfecting of the protocol under negotiation. While there was no question but that the expedition after Villa would press on, it was stated, that while a sufficient amount of supplies could be furnished to the troops by motor truck trains, general use of the lines would greatly simplify matters.

News dispatches from the border to-night indicating that the American troops already were using the railroad lines in some sections were read with surprise at the War Department officials declaring there had been no official advices to that effect. It was thought that if American commanders had used the lines in some cases on their own initiative it probably was done in co-operation with the local Carranza authorities. Officials do not think any extensive use of railroads has been made.

FRENCH COURT-MARTIAL.

Officer Says Majority of Offenders Belong to the Higher Class.

London, March 25.—The veil of secrecy is nowhere deeper than over the doings of the court-martial. In one division of the French army it is known that since the beginning of the war the court-martial has dealt with 315 cases. It has passed the death sentence on 24 men, of whom, however, only 15 were executed, the other nine obtaining pardons or commutations.

An officer attached to this division as a permanent court official has given to a correspondent of the Daily Mail some details of the workings of the tribunal. "You must remember," he said, "that armies to-day are made up of men of all shades and colors of belief and creed, anarchists, republicans, royalists, atheists and what not. Out of this material we have welded together an army the like of which the world has never seen."

"It is not, however, the bad eggs, of whom there are a few in every regiment, who give us trouble in the matter of desertion in the face of the enemy, but rather the better sort of fellows, who cannot understand the military necessity of harsh discipline.

"Our first court-martial in a case of this kind occurred fairly early in the war. We were new to the business ourselves, but it was a flagrant breach, and to check its repetition it had to be dealt with accordingly to the rules of war. The man was duly tried and sentenced. I went to his cell and read the death sentence to

him. He listened without seeming to understand what had taken place and that he was condemned to die.

"That night I instructed an officer to call for a firing squad. Our firing squads are always composed of volunteers, 12 men. Not a man volunteered for that task. We had to commander a squad. The prisoner was marched out at dawn, stood quietly facing the leveled rifles and died without faltering. I am sure he never realized the gravity of his offense. But war is war.

"Now it is different. The men know the value of discipline, know that a breach may endanger the lives of many comrades or even the safety of France, and though breaches of this kind still occur, they are met in a different spirit. Now when I call for a firing squad 50 men at once volunteer."

"Is the family notified that a man has been executed?" asked the interviewer.

"Yes and no," the officer replied. "The French code is peculiar. Notification of death is sent to the family soon after the execution as though the man died in action. Then three months later the family receives a bill for 12.55 francs (\$2.50), the expenses of the execution. But otherwise there is no publicity. The grave is not marked officially, but a record is kept, so that it will not be difficult to later on."

"Occasionally we have to deal with the case of a man who has become sick of the trenches and think that the easiest way to get an honorable discharge is to wound himself, shoot off his trigger finger or the like. This is a capital offense in time of war and is invariably so punished."

"A recent case of this kind was that of a young lieutenant who was married three days before the outbreak of the war. He was a gallant soldier, but after a few months he became homesick, and to get back to his wife was his one desire. Months passed and he could not get leave, so he took matters in his own hands and drove a bullet through his left forearm. He did not stop to think that it would soon be discovered that his wound was caused by a French bullet."

"He was court-martialed and sentenced to be shot. I read the death sentence, but a few hours later a pardon reached us. But the lieutenant knew his duty and fell fighting in the field without ever seeing his wife again."

The Columbia Life Insurance Co. will loan you half the value of your land for 5 years. No loans taken for less than \$500. For terms, see W. H. PARKS, Hartford, Ky.

A DISCIPLINE OF EDISON.

Mrs. Popson—I was reading where Mr. Edison says that four hours sleep is enough for any man.

Popson—That seems to be the baby's idea too.—Boston Transcript.

PLenty Of ICE.

We will begin making ice April 1st and after that date will be prepared to supply the public promptly with any quantity. Special rate to farmer's clubs.

382 HARTFORD ICE CO.

SPORTS AND SNORTS.

(By Gosh.) Jesse Willard proved beyond a doubt that he is the best man in his class when he defeated Frank Moran in New York Saturday night. The big cowboy seems to be a real champion and the man who can make it interesting for him is yet to be discovered.

We lamped a certain young preacher going down the street the other day between two of the hardest bats around these parts. It is a two to one shot that that preacher will preach on the "Crusifixion" in the near future.

Dawson Springs and Madisonville are making efforts to get in the Kit-ty League this year. It shows a progressive spirit on the part of those towns and with them in it the circuit would be more compact, thereby cutting expenses substantially.

The West Kentucky Seminary basket ball team will hook up with the champion Mi-Mo-Mus team of Louisville at Beaver Dam Saturday night and one of the swiftest games ever staged in Ohio county is certain to result. The Louisville team has not tasted defeat in the last two seasons and they will come to Beaver Dam with the same line-up that has made this splendid record. The W. K. S. bunch is without a doubt one of the fastest in Western Kentucky. They, too, are undefeated this season and will put forth every effort to soil the clean slate of the Falls City aggregation. The management of the Beaver Dam quintet has gone to an enormous expense to secure splendid opposition and lovers of basket ball in this locality should appreciate their opportunity.

Baseball fans all over the country

Worth Careful Thought

Do you read the label to know whether your baking powder is made from cream of tartar or, on the other hand, from alum or phosphate?

Royal Baking Powder is made from cream of tartar, derived from grapes, and adds to the food only wholesome qualities.

Other baking powders contain alum or phosphate, both of mineral origin, and used as substitutes for cream of tartar because of their cheapness.

Never sacrifice quality and healthfulness for low price.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.
New York

not been dazzling. Fishing in Rough river should be better this season than for years and it should not be long until they begin to work up an appetite.

Gentle reader, have you heard the story without words. We have. A local man, famed for such, showed it to us yesterday. It's good and we would like to tell it to you, but it's the story without words and we can't write it. You'll see it sometime.

The writer of this junk has received a bulky letter from the W. K. S. basket ball team thanking him for the interest taken in the team and it would look mighty good in print. Owing to a lack of space this week, however, we are compelled to leave it out. If agreeable to the writers we will show it to you later.

Administrator's Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of B. P. Petty, deceased, are hereby notified to present the same properly proven to me at Narrows, Ky., on or before May 1st, 1916, or they will be forever barred.

Persons knowing themselves indebted to the above estate will please see me and settle at once.

L. B. DANIEL, Admr.



Is Now Over —

All the NEW HATS have arrived, and the new hats are ready for your inspection. Such an array of beautiful hats you have never seen.

The Style Centers

have been ransacked and the best of everything in high class Millinery has been selected for our customers.

Any Size Hat

you desire is in our stock. Any style TRIMMINGS that appeals to your taste can be had.

We Have The Hats

and the Trimmings and we have the ability to conform them to the latest styles and at the

EASTER ACCESSORIES!

Now that our Millinery opening is over, our Easter apparel is the next thing that confronts us. To rid yourself of worry, our advice to you is to do your shopping early, and of course, do it at our store. The new things that will add beauty to your appearance are to be found right on our shelves, including New Woolens, New Silks, New White Goods, Etc.



A Simple Frock of Voile
McCall Pattern No. 7057, one of the
many new designs for April

Our Ready-to-Wear Department.

Spring Coats, new Skirts, in wool or wool material, Ready-made Waists in Georgette, Crepes, Crepe de Chine, Tub Silks, Marquisetts, Etc.

Millinery Department.

The rush is on, but new things are arriving daily, so you can be assured that the latest minute novelty for your head is to be had at our store.

**Remember, this, and Profit by
Trading with a House that
Saves You Money.**

F A I R & C O.
THE FAIR DEALERS

Hartford Republican.

FRIDAY, MARCH 31.

L. H. & ST. L. R. R. TIME TABLE.
No. 113 due at Ellmitch 8:32 p.m.
No. 110 due at Ellmitch 7:30 a.m.
No. 112 Lv. Ellmitch . 3:40 p.m.
Ar. Irvington .. 5:35 p.m.
Lv. Irvington .. 5:56 p.m.
Ar. Louisville .. 7:40 p.m.
No. 111 Lv. Louisville .. 8:35 a.m.
Ar. Irvington .. 10:06 a.m.
Lv. Irvington .. 10:40 a.m.
Ar. Ellmitch .. 1:04 p.m.

M. H. & E. R. R. TIME TABLE.
South Bound, No. 115—
Due at Hartford 8:45 a.m.
North Bound, No. 114—
Due at Hartford 5:55 p.m.
(Both "Mixed Trains.")

Mr. W. H. Parks was in Owensboro Wednesday.

Mr. C. V. Boling, of Shreve, was in town Monday.

Mrs. H. P. Taylor visited relatives in Lexington this week.

Call at Ellis' Milling Co. and see the Aluminum cook vessels.

Judge John B. Wilson was in Louisville Tuesday and Wednesday.

Miss Maud Maddox, of Beaver Dam is the guest of Mrs. W. C. Blankenship.

Mr. Alvis Bennett returned to Louisville Thursday, after a visit to relatives here.

Mrs. Dudley Ford and daughter, Miss Lorena, left Wednesday, after a visit to Mrs. Frank May.

NOTICE—See Eck Rial for garden breaking and general hauling. Prices right, satisfaction guaranteed. 38t4

Dr. T. D. Renfrow, of Livermore, was the guest of relatives in Dundee and Hartford the latter part of last week.

Mrs. A. M. Kinkhead returned to Central City Tuesday, after a visit to relatives in Hartford and Center-town.

By using Ellis' Blue Ribbon Flour you can stock your kitchen with Aluminum cook vessels at wholesale prices.

Mrs. Vernon Reedy returned to Rockport Wednesday, after a short visit to Misses Maurine Martin and Gorin Flener.

Postmaster R. B. Martin was called to Cromwell yesterday afternoon on account of the illness of his mother, Mrs. J. N. Martin.

For Sale.—One pair of good work mules, harness and wagon.
35t4 EZRA GORMAN,
Beaver Dam, Ky.

Breaking Plows, Vulcan Chilled, Blue Bird and New Ground Plows at reduced prices.

W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

County Farm Demonstrator Browder returned from Russellville Sunday, where he was called on account of the death of his brother, Dr. Robt. W. Browder.

Mr. Sidney Williams has resigned his position as head clerk of Iler's Grocery and left yesterday for Waller, Tenn., where he has a position as commissary clerk.

After April 1st you will be fined if you allow your chickens to run at large. U. S. Carson has a car load of the best poultry wire. Also a car of American Wire Fencing for the field fence. 39t1

The undefeated West Kentucky Seminary basketball team will engage the champion Mi-Mo-Mus team of Louisville at Beaver Dam Saturday night. This will be a scorching game.

Get out your last year's fishing tackle. Go to the River and try it awhile, then come by Petty's and get a mess of those fresh Reel Foot Lake cats and buffalo. Fresh shipment in Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Hunter, Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Black, Sheriff and Mrs. S. O. Keown, Messrs. P. B. Taylor and Berry Taylor attended the funeral of Mr. W. P. Leach at Liberty Wednesday.

Col. George W. Bain, of Lexington, Ky., the noted Kentucky orator, will lecture at college hall, Fordsville, Ky., at 8 p.m. Monday evening, April 3. Subject—"If I Could Live Life Over." 39t1

Reports from Mr. Garfield Barnard, who has been dangerously ill at his home in Millport for several days, indicate that he is some better. While suffering from complications rheumatism is Mr. Barnard's worst ailment.

Mr. W. D. Moore returned to New York Monday after a visit to relatives in Hartford and Elizabethtown. He was accompanied to Louisville by his father, Mr. W. H. Moore, where the latter submitted to a minor operation.

Roy Gabbard, 17-year-old boy preacher, will preach at the Baptist Church in Hartford Wednesday night. This young Owensboro minister is

making a big success in his early years and it is expected that he will have a large congregation to hear him here.

Commonwealth's Attorney C. E. Smith returned Saturday from Calhoun, where he had been in attendance at the McLean Circuit Court. There were seven convictions at this term. The docket was cleaned in a week, an unusually short time for the number of cases tried.

Mail me your orders for high grade Acid Phosphate—16 per cent—\$1.00 per 100 lbs. Corn, Wheat and Oat grower \$1.20 per 100 lbs. Golden Leaf Tobacco grower \$1.25 per 100 lbs., at car.

D. L. D. SANDERFUR,
39t3 Beaver Dam, Ky.

When you have a visitor or go visiting call or write us. We are always hungry for news and while your item will be read by the multitudes no one will know how we got it. Don't let modesty interfere with your help in making this paper a live sheet. Address communications to news desk.

The lecture of Wood Briggs at College Hall Monday night was enjoyed by a large audience. Mr. Briggs features story telling and has something in his stock to please all classes. He was formerly a Central City boy and people of this section are pleased to see him making good on the platform.

Mr. W. F. Shifflette is installing bottling works machinery in the Taylor building on Center street. The new business will be operated under the name of the Ohio County Bottling Works. Several weeks ago it was stated in this column that the Nall building would be used but the plans were later changed.

Mrs. W. S. Tinsley has accepted the position as business manager on the staff of the Hartford Republican, Mr. Allison Barnett being the editor. Mr. Tinsley was formerly County Court Clerk, which position he filled with ability and success. He is a good business man and eminently qualified for his new task.—Hartford Herald.

The Hostess Who Interrupts.
Some of the kindest and best of women are so occupied with planning for our creature comfort they almost forget to attend to our conversation. This inattention, however praiseworthy its cause, is not flattering.

I was once at table with a foreign missionary who was being entertained at Sunday dinner in the hospitable and kindly house where I was staying at the time. This missionary had traveled much and had many thrillingly exciting and some amusing stories to tell us.

But our hospitable hostess was anxious that her visitor should eat a really good dinner. She enjoyed his stories, but always with one eye on his plate. Just as we were all eagerly listening for the most enthralling bit of one adventure came an interruption from our hostess, who addressed her husband reproachfully across the table: "John, you're neglecting Mr. Blank, I'm sure he would take a little more meat if you asked him."

Then, after the recital of a little story to which, I thought, she had seemed to listen with some interest, she murmured, absently: "Yes, very nice, wasn't it?" And then, with fervor: "But do let me persuade you to have some fruit!"

It was really amusing to watch the face of that poor missionary. I did so wish it had been possible to take aside my hostess—one of the kindest women who ever breathed—and tell her that the dear, good man would be infinitely happier if she'd only allow him to eat less and talk more.

It's a good thing to have a passion for the truth, but a hostess may make her guests feel uncomfortable if she gets into the habit of correcting each slight inaccuracy that crops up in the little stories told by members of her family and friends.

A house I know, where live three charming sisters, is quite given over to this habit. Two of the sisters are widows and have married daughters who often visit this home with their children. The guests at their table often find them in a feeling distressed and uncomfortable, for the conversation is punctuated by corrections interposed by one sister and another in the interest of truth.

For instance, we are quite carried away by a description of a country walk given by one of the daughters. It is almost possible to see the wonderful purple haze of the bluebells in the distance and to glory in the golden splendor of the landscape when suddenly comes Aunt Mary's gentle interruption: "My dear, not five miles. I'm sure Harry said it was only three to the corner of the wood."

This habit of putting people right is an annoying one and should be avoided sedulously by the tactful hostess. The friends gathered round our table want to hear the little story; they don't really care when it happened or just how far away the scene was set.

Roy Gabbard, 17-year-old boy preacher, will preach at the Baptist Church in Hartford Wednesday night. This young Owensboro minister is

HIGHER COURT HOLDS ROAD ELECTION VALID

DAVIESS COUNTY MAY NOW SELL
BONDS AND BUILD GOOD
ROADS.

Frankfort, Ky., March 24.—The court of appeals today affirmed the decision of Judge Slack of the Daviess circuit court in holding the validity of the Daviess county bond issue of \$600,000 for the construction of roads and bridges. In the opinion it is held that it requires only a majority of votes cast to carry the election.

The decision of the court of appeals now settles the question as to the validity of the election, and the sale of bonds to construct roads and bridges in Daviess county. The only remaining thing is for the fiscal court to proceed with sale of bonds and make preparation for the construction work that will be outlined at the meeting of the court on April 4 next.

The decision of the higher court in affirming Judge Slack was fully expected by the attorneys representing Gatton, who brought the suit in behalf of himself and other taxpayers of the county to enjoin the issue of the bonds, and by a number of other leading attorneys at the bar who had on former occasions expressed the opinion that only a majority vote, was necessary, as it was claimed during the campaign prior to the election held last June.

This question was practically settled in a decision rendered in a case from Fayette county several weeks ago, in which the court undertook to point out the law and construction of the statute governing the holding of elections pertaining to bond issues.

Fiscal Court to Act.

In speaking of the final decision, County Judge Lancaster stated this afternoon that he was glad that the case had been settled, as it involved a question over which there seemed to be a difference of opinion among the best legal talent. Judge Lancaster stated that when the fiscal court met in April, he expected that everything pertaining to the selling of the bonds and the amount of money to be expended this year would be threshed out before the court adjourned. "Under the law," said Judge Lancaster, "the court may expend \$600,000 for road purposes and sell bonds to that amount, as the people voted on that proposition. The rate of interest that the bonds will bear will also be determined, and the bonds may mature any time after five years from the date of their issue and before the expiration of 30 years."

The court will probably advertise the bonds for sale, which is customary in cases of this kind, and Judge Lancaster and the members of the court will expect a nice premium on the bonds, there being a great demand for them at this time among eastern capitalists.

Judge Lancaster said that he did not know how much money would be spent this year, but that he did not believe it would be more than \$200,000. The roads to be improved will also have to be determined at the meeting of the fiscal court.

Owensboro Inquirer.

BEADS ODDLY STRUNG.

(By J. H. Thomas.)

If the profligate waste in America kitchens was conserved all the hungry of the nation could be bountifully fed.

The most laconic summing up of the philosophy of human conduct is the scriptural declaration, "The Wages of Sin is Death."

The wretched condition of the World's poor can never be corrected until co-operation succeeds the present wasteful system of competition. But the time is not yet ripe.

What boots it to the soldier who sleeps beneath the debris of the battle's wreck how turns the battle's tide. He has played with death and lost.

It is predicted that when the European war is over and the fires of hate are burned out there will kindle from the dying ember a religious awakening that will astonish the world.

Notwithstanding the well advertised celestial triumph of the lowly Lazarus his type is still the despised of earth.

O dove of peace! How few the nations now shadowed by thy wings.

Within the last half-dozen years China has changed its form of government from an empire to a republic from republic back to an empire and is now changing it back to a republic.

"PREPAREDNESS"

We are prepared as never before. Our present showing overshadows our most pretentious efforts in the past. Despite the unsettled conditions of the fabric and dye markets, we are offering the most ravishingly beautiful array of

Spring Shades and Materials

that has ever been assembled under one roof.

You Are Invited

to stop in this week and view the charming collection of Ladies' Attire we have on sale, consisting of Ladies' Tailored Suits in Checks, Gaberdines and Serges; also dress goods of Ginghams, Percales, Lawns, Tub Silks, Crepes, plain and fancy Silks. Also Men's, Youths' and Boys' Clothing, Hats, Shoes, Ladies' and Misses' Oxfords.

It's Just the Time of Year Now

to see all the new ideas COMING IN.
AREN'T YOU?

CARSON & CO.

INCORPORATED.

Hartford, Kentucky.

Attention---Farmers!

We quote you carload prices on Drain Tile. Note Prices as follows:

4 inch, @ 25c per rod, weight 140 lbs. to rod

5 inch, @ 35c per rod, weight 192 lbs. to rod

6 inch, @ 45c per rod, weight 221 lbs. to rod

8 inch, @ 75c per rod, weight 312 lbs. to rod

If you will write, giving your railroad station, we will tell you what the freight per rod will be. We will secure the lowest possible freight rate.

Let us figure out the cost of a carload for you, delivered at your depot.

Write us a postal card, and our price will come to you by first mail.

FORDSVILLE PLANING MILL COMPANY

Incorporated

Jake Wilson, Mgr.

FORDSVILLE, KY.

but perhaps three fourths of its four hundred million people never heard of the changes.

The moving picture show is the most patent agency developed in modern times for recasting popular character. Its influence as an irresistible impressing force should be safeguarded by a sensible but strict censorship.

With a line 1800 miles long, distinguishable for the greater part only by steel posts, the problem of policing the Mexican border is apparent.

Since Noah's flood no such catastrophe has cursed the earth as the present European war.

Whatever their prestige at home Theodore Roosevelt's name commands more respect in Europe than that of any other American citizen.

The season for the rural picnic with its incidental killings will soon be upon us again.

The United States government obligingly sends its army into Mexico to punish Carranza's enemies for him.

Before the old men now living, whose memories run back close to the early settlement die off, we should be glad to see an Ohio county historical society organized to produce a history of the county to run serially through one of our county papers.

The story of the early settlement of the towns, the history of the old churches and lodges, and the origin of our country's flag.

NOTICE.

Pay your Taxes now and avoid the penalty.

FARM DEPARTMENT

Success With Turkeys.

Many farmers, or rather the farmer's wife or daughter, hatch the first laying of turkey eggs under chicken hens while the turkey will lay another nest of eggs, sit and hatch the second lot. Many make a success of this method, but more make complete failure says Charles McClave in Farm and Home, as the young poulties are usually supplied with grain foods in some form which are entirely foreign to their natural supply in a wild state they become infected with life from the chicken hen which, with improper food, causes complete failure. By this method the grower is feebly trying to work entirely against natural conditions of the turkey. If the intending grower must hatch with chicken hens, use insect powder freely, for the first three weeks of incubation. Never use insect powder on the young poulties when first hatched, as it will prove fatal. After hatching with the chicken hen, isolate hen and brood away from the chicken to dry and sunny place, and after 30 hours old give a ration of hard-boiled eggs, oatmeal and bread crumbs, also bread soaked in sweet milk. When 10 days old add cracked wheat and a limited amount of cracked corn, cottage cheese, and, in fact, a little of everything they will eat, but do not confine in close quarters.

Animal matter must be supplied for the young poulties for the first six weeks or longer if possible, which can be provided in the form of ground beef scraps, beef liver cooked and chopped fine and fed in small quantities.

Some Pointers On Ground Lime.

Farmers who contemplate the using of ground limestone in the improvement of their soils will do well to begin their planning now. There seems to be little doubt that the best way to use limestone is to apply it a year or two ahead of the clover, which it is expected to benefit more than any other crop in the rotation, according to authorities at the Experiment Station.

It seems that the logical place to apply limestone in the rotation is on the ground to be planted to corn. The cultivation of the corn helps to distribute the material more thoroughly in the soil, which is an important consideration. Limestone will usually increase the yield of corn on land that is in need of lime.

On land deficient in phosphorous, limestone and phosphates used together, generally may be expected to give more profitable results than either used alone.

The fact that the use of limestone or any fertilizing materials give a profitable increase should not lead the farmer to believe their use sufficient for maintaining the fertility of the soil.

Catch crops and cover crops of cowpeas, crimson clover, vetch and rye should be used where practicable and all the manure and litter of the farm should be saved, for the largest problem of the Kentucky farmer is the maintenance of vegetable matter (humus) and nitrogen. Increased yield due to the use of limestone and fertilizers should mean increased vegetable matter returned to the soil.

It is a mistake to wait until seed time to make plans for the use of limestone and fertilizers.

The Five-Cent Egg.

We would like to see new-laid eggs, from well fed, well kept hens, selling at 5 cents each at retail the year around. It is a reasonable price and one that delivers unusual value for the price, says the American Poultry Journal. If the value of eggs as food was properly appreciated, if the buying public understood the worth of an egg from flocks kept under sanitary conditions and fed on wholesome foods, if they had more confidence in the quality of eggs, and producers generally knew more about what it costs to produce eggs, we believe that it would be a comparatively easy matter to get 60 cents a dozen for new-laid eggs the year around.

In an article "On the Trail of the 5c Egg," in the Sunday Magazine, E. I. Farrington says:

"Eggs at \$1 a dozen or even more are not beyond the range of possibilities unless poultry keepers learn to coax more eggs out of their hens."

"Sixty cents a dozen has come to be considered a fair winter price for eggs. Certainly they cannot be sold for less at a profit. Five cents we assume as the price of a street car ride, a milk shake, or a cheap cigar. Oddly enough we cheerfully slip the coin over the cigar counter or bar, but it sticks to our fingers when we buy an egg. You, however, who merely grumble at the price, know nothing about the difficulties involved in the production of that egg, clean, non-fertile and guaranteed not over two days old."

What Is Farm Management.
"Farm management" considers farming as a business. It attempts to

analyze the various factors having to do with the success or failure of that business as it is found conducted on the individual farm, and insofar as possible to determine the broad outstanding factors for efficiency which admit of general application for a region.

In previous decades the agricultural investigator largely concerned himself with the study of how to accomplish certain ends, how best to feed a pig or a cow; how best to raise potatoes or fruit. The farm management investigator is concerned with determining whether to keep cows or pigs; whether to raise fruit or potatoes; and, if an industry is found to be desirable, to what extent it should enter into the farm organization, and with what intensity it should be pursued. All of these problems have in the aggregate been solved by the farmers. Farm management is merely a science for classifying and interpreting the collective efficiency in farming.

Experiments With Fertilizers.

As a result of several years' experiments in fertilizing meadow hay, conducted by an agricultural station in Ireland, it was found that applications of ten tons of barnyard manure per acre gave satisfactory results, but good returns were also obtained from the use of 100 pounds of nitrate of soda, 200 pounds of superphosphate and 200 pounds of kainit per acre. The superphosphate and kainit were applied together before the end of February and the nitrate at the end of March or early in April. The application of kainit in the fall often gave better yields, but not sufficient to warrant the cost of the separate application. Basic slag is noted as giving better results in a wet season than in a dry. Liquid manure was found to give excellent results with all hay crops in both wet and dry seasons.

With potatoes, the best results were obtained by the use of 100 pounds of sulphate of ammonia, 400 pounds of superphosphate and 100 pounds of muriate of potash in the row in connection with a moderate use of barnyard manure. Experiments in the use of seaweed at the rate of fifteen tons per acre as a fertilizer for potatoes showed that "weight for weight," seaweed seldom produces as heavy a crop of potatoes as does farmyard manure; muriate of potash generally has less effect when used with seaweed than when applied with drug; seaweed gives the best results on light soils and possibly in a dry season.

Grain Mixtures Compared.
In an experiment carried on by the Pennsylvania station to determine whether there was any appreciable difference in milk yield due to the character of the feeds, when so mixed as to have the same protein to energy ratio but derived from different sources, six lots of three cows each were fed during three periods of four weeks each by the reversal method, three different grain mixtures having the same ratio of protein to energy. The greatest difference in milk yield for the periods covered was 25-100ths of a pound of milk per cow per day, in the next 11-100ths of a pound, and in the third 5-100ths of a pound per cow per day. In other words, for all practical purposes one mixture was as efficient as another in this experiment, so far as milk yield was concerned, but there was a marked difference in cost of energy per 10 pounds in the several mixtures.

The least expensive mixture was corn and cob meal, cotton-seed meal, distillers' dried grains, and gluten feed 4.25:1:3:1, having a ratio of protein to energy of 1:5 and costing per 100 pounds of energy \$1.79.

State of Ohio City of Toledo, 1st ss.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of P. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, Ohio, and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of \$100 DOLLARS (\$100.00) for every and every case of Catheria that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

Swear to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1888.
A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pill for constipation.

Paradoxical Content.

"I feel safe from accident on this train."

"Why so?"

"Because it is in charge of an engineer who has the reputation of being a wreckless one."—Baltimore American.

A Specific Against Colds.

The nearest thing to a specific against colds is a sleeping porch or open bed room and a cold sponge bath every morning when you first get up. Even then you will occasionally take a cold, especially when colds are epidemic, and when you do you will find Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a great help in enabling you to get rid of it. Try it. Obtainable everywhere.

MUHLENBERG TO GET TRACHOMA HOSPITAL

GOVERNMENT PREPARING TO FOUND TWO TRACHOMA SANATORIUMS IN CO. SOON.

Washington, March 18.—Two additional hospitals for the treatment of trachoma patients will soon be established in Kentucky, one in Muhlenberg county and the other in Butler county, if the efforts of Dr. A. T. McCormack, secretary of the Kentucky State Board of Health, who was in conference today with Surgeon General Rupert Blue, of the United States Public Health Service, are successful. He is greatly interested in the pending bill which provides for the appointment of forty more surgeons in the Public Health Service. "If this bill is enacted, I am assured the two additional trachoma hospitals will be established in Kentucky," said the health officer.

Latest reports show there are 2,000 cases of trachoma in Muhlenberg county and 800 in Butler. "The people of Jefferson county and those of Henderson, Paducah, Owensboro and other cities have already eradicated trachoma," said Dr. McCormack.

Dr. John McMullen, Public Health Surgeon at Lexington, has done much in fighting the disease, and his records show that 1,000 cases of trachoma in Kentucky are treated each month. But 1,200 new cases develop each month in the State, and prompt Federal help is needed to curb the disease. Experience has shown that it takes three years to eradicate trachoma from a county.

There are now three trachoma hospitals in Kentucky. They are at Hindman, London and Jackson. Dr. McCormack, who is staying at the Cosmos Club here, will return to Bowling Green Monday.

Miss Margaret Colvin, the county nurse, announces that another free clinic will be held in Greenville on Thursday and Friday, March 30 and 31. Everybody in the county who has any eye trouble, should attend this clinic and get expert opinion on the subject. No charge is made either for advice or treatment.

Miss Colvin is doing splendid work both in eradicating trachoma and treating tuberculosis scientifically in Muhlenberg county, and deserves great credit for her conscientious efforts.—Central City Argus.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

ARE GHOSTS REAL OR JUST MENTAL ILLUSIONS?

There is a deeper and more widespread belief in ghosts at the present day than at any time since scientific methods of thinking came into force, in spite of the opinion of the man-in-the-street that such things are "pure rubbish" and that "medical science" has shown them to be nothing more than "popular superstitions."

This you may really prove by a preliminary census among your friends. If you question them you will be surprised to find how many of them have had some experience of the kind, though they may not care to have it known, especially if you are not sympathetic.

But nearly everyone has had some sort of occult or strange experience in his or her life, if you question them deeply enough, and this fact was brought out by the startling census taken years ago in England, when it was mathematically shown that about 10 per cent of the average population had had some experience of this character. This is astonishing, but it is a fact. Ghosts have, so to say, received the endorsement of science to some extent.

But in this saying that ghosts exist I must not be understood to say that the ghost of tradition is with us still. The ghosts which were semi-material beings and paraded about in sheets, clanking chains behind them, are no more. Their place has been taken by a more ethereal being, by a creature which even our science can accept. Thus, when I say that ghosts exist, or that such things as haunted houses certainly exist, we must understand what we mean by these terms and ask ourselves the question, "What is a ghost?" And "what is a haunted house?"

I say that such things as haunted houses exist, but I do not pretend that material phantoms walk about such houses, tormenting the inmates and making their lives miserable. But that there are certain peculiar influences at work in some localities which cannot be accounted for no one would deny who has much experience with these phenomena or who has himself lived in a "haunted house" for any length of time.

The reader may well inquire here how such a thing is possible—how science explains the actual mechanism at work in the production of phantasmal experiences of this character. A diagram will help to make this clear.

curately and simply the modern scientific conception of a "ghost" a few preliminary facts must be stated.

When the Society for Psychical Research began collecting its material it soon found this remarkable fact: That, of the ghost stories collected the great majority of them seemed to hinge upon the moment of death. Most of the apparitions which were seen were found to correspond, in point of time, with the death of the person represented. Perhaps the seer might only have experienced a case of this character once in his lifetime, yet that once was found to correspond, in a very remarkable manner, with a distant and tragic event.

The question, of course, at once arose, are these cases due to chance? One might be, perhaps a dozen, a score, but when the coincidental cases began to mount into the hundreds the theory of coincidence had to be strained to the utmost to make it work. It fact, when it was mathematically figured out it was found that the chances were millions to one against this great number of cases happening at the supreme moment they did. Several hundred such cases were published in a book entitled "Phantoms of the Living," which made a great sensation at the time.

But the cry was at once raised: "Too few cases!" Your point is not yet proved." Some 30,000 cases of all kinds were then collected. These were put to the test, and it was again proved mathematically that the chances against possible coincidence were so huge as to render that hypothesis all but inconceivable. Thus Prof. Sidgwick's committee was forced to the following conclusion:

"Between deaths and apparitions of the dying person a connection exists which is not due to chance alone. Thus we hold as a proved fact."

"Now coincidental cases of this type are called "apparitions of the dying," to distinguish them from the "apparitions of the living"—that is, figures appearing of people still living, as occasionally happens; and "apparitions of the dead"—or phantoms which have appeared long after the death of the person symbolized. There are thus these three broad classes of "ghosts" to begin with.

The question arose, therefore, might not all these cases be explained by some underlying cause which is the same in all cases? We now believe that they can to a very large extent. But to make plain what this cause is, we shall have to digress for a moment to explain another factor involved in our problem.

This is telepathy, or thought transference. Most people now believe that telepathy between living people takes place on occasion, and, if they don't believe it, they are referred to the records, where proof is to be found (the proceedings of the S. P. R.). If you think of a playing card, for instance, the ace or hearts, the recipient of the impression will see the ace of hearts if the experiment is successful. It takes visual form in his mind. It is a hallucination—a mental picture—yet it owes its origin to another mind, external to itself. It is subjective, yet at the same time objective. It is a real thing, yet does not interfere with the mechanical laws of our world.

We believe that much the same thing takes place in apparitions of the living, of the dying and of the dead. In cases of apparitions of the living one mind influences another in sleep, trance, in ill health or for reasons as yet undetermined, and the recipient of the apparition sees the figure of this person, as previously he saw the vision of the playing card. In cases of apparitions of the dying, some mental energy seems liberated, facilitating this telepathic impulse from mind to mind. And in cases of apparitions of the dead—ghosts proper—this telepathic impulse is supposed to emanate from the mind of the "dead" person, still living and active, however, in another sphere, but yet able to influence the mind of a friend or relative yet alive and cause him or her to see the vision of the departed one. In all cases of the apparitions are of telepathic origin.

In a similar way mysterious voices and touchings are explained. Experimental thought transference has shown us that a name, a sensation, an emotion, a sensory impression of any kind, can be transferred from mind to mind almost as easily as a visual image. It all depends upon the form the phantasmal impression takes. For instance, we can hear the word "mother" spoken, and he will bear it; or that he shall feel a grasp on his right arm, and he will. Yet there was no real external sound—such as would be recorded by a phonograph—and no real material hand which grasped his.

The reader may well inquire here how such a thing is possible—how science explains the actual mechanism at work in the production of phantasmal experiences of this character. A diagram will help to make this clear.

Before I can answer or define ac-



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CLIFFORD M. LEWIS,
Manager.

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It will gradually darken streaks. Laded gray hair, and removes dandruff. It will give soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off.

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On the reverse side of this filter red tin you will read: "Process Patented July 30th, 1907," which has made three men smoke pipes where one smoked before!

WHY THE WOLF WAS SET FREE

HAD PUT UP A GAME FIGHT AND WON ADMIRATION OF WOODSMEN.

DEER ESCAPES THE PACK

Short Story From The Youth's Companion Shows Better Side of The Hardy Logger.

The earliest streaks of dawn were lightening the eastern sky when the crack of the windlass and the rattling of chains announced that the men were drawing the stop logs from the dam.

With a grand flourish the last log was laid on the platform and the great torrent of green-and-white water went foaming down the slide. Then the boom that held back the logs was drawn aside, and down they came like a flock of sheep heading for the fold. By sixes and sevens they plunged into the pool below, rising again in the swift torrent at various angles; then circling madly round until at last they made their way through the narrows and on down the river.

Dave Mordaunt, the foreman, whistled gayly as he watched the logs pass. But suddenly he saw with uneasiness that the men stationed at the narrows could not keep the logs moving fast enough. A jam was beginning to form.

"Shut her off," he called, "and hustle down here! The narrows are choked!"

The men swiftly swung out the light boom and checked the flow of logs. Then, shouldering their poles, the ten of them marched after their boss to the lower end of the bay.

The path was merely a shelf in the face of the cliff, which rose above it for nearly a hundred feet. Ten feet below was another shelf, the lower path. It was even narrower and more slippery.

The men loosened the jam, and the logs once more hurried down the stream. Then they shouldered the long poles again and started back up the path toward the dam.

"Hark!" shouted the foreman, holding up his hand for silence. From their left, above the roar of the water, came the yelping of a pack of wolves.

"They are after a deer!" cried Ben Ford.

Even as he spoke the deer came in sight. It was hard pressed; clouds of steam rose from its panting sides, and its drooping head and protruding tongue showed that it was completely exhausted.

The men cheered as it passed, but

it paid no attention to them. Round the narrow lower path it stumbled, and on reaching the narrows, which were now free of logs, it plunged in. The rushing current carried it down the river, but it gained the other shore at last and lay down, panting.

"Now, boys, cried Mordaunt, "the wolves will follow the path the deer took! Gather a lot of rocks and spread yourselves along the path. When the wolves are past me I will give the signal. Then let go the stones. After that you can go to them with the pike. Don't let one get through."

The men made every preparation to give the wolves a warm reception. In a few minutes the animals appeared, six of them, running close together. As they reached the narrow path they fell into single file without lessening their speed. As they ran they gave occasional short yelps.

Their tongues were hanging out and there was foam about their mouths and gleaming teeth. Without an upward glance they ran in between the wall and the rushing, foaming water.

"Now for them!" shouted Dave. With a yell the men sent down a shower of stones on the unsuspecting pack. With howls of pain and surprise the wolves looked up and saw their foes. Down went their tails and they tried to retreat; but they were in a trap. One by one they were pushed off into the hurrying water.

Only the leader of the pack was left alive. He had been knocked into the water by a stone, but had managed to gain a footing on two logs that were floating close together. As the logs drifted apart, he mounted the larger, on which he crouched, a picture of abject fear.

The log began to move slowly toward the narrows. Nearer and nearer it came to the mighty mass of water pouring out through the gorge. The wolf backed to the far end of the log and crouched there, shivering.

"I hate a wolf worse than poison," said Job Nelson, "but I can't see that brute scared plumb to death before being drowned."

"Neither can I, Job," said the foreman, "and he sure put up a good fight for it."

The circling current brought the log to a point just below where the men stood.

With a spring, Job landed on the lower path. He stretched out his pole and drew the log and its frightened occupant to the shore. Then he quickly rejoined his comrades.

"Now, boys," he said, "that beggar must pass you all. Anyone who wants him can have him."

Realizing that he was free, the wolf leaped ashore and slouched along the path with one eye on the men above. Not a hand was raised against him. On reaching the divide he struck off at a swift lop and disappeared from view.

"Come, boys," said Dave sharply,

"get those logs going again! We've lost enough time already." —*Youth's Companion.*

The Aches of House Cleaning.

The pain and soreness caused by bruises, over-exertion and straining during housecleaning time are soothed away by Sloan's Liniment. No need to suffer this agony. Just apply Sloan's Liniment to the sore spots rub only a little. In a short time the pain leaves, you rest comfortably and enjoy a refreshing sleep. One grateful user writes: "Sloan's Liniment is worth its weight in gold." Keep a bottle on hand, use it against all Soreness, Neuralgia and Bruises. Kills pain. 25c at your druggist.

GROWERS VIOLATE AGREEMENTS.
Paducah, Ky., March 25.—Aroused because of the frequency with which tobacco growers are alleged to have broken written pledges, buyers on the Paducah market have agreed to enter suit against all farmers who fail to live up to signed contracts to deliver their tobacco. One suit has already been filed.

The warehousemen alleged many growers have signed contracts to deliver their tobacco at certain prices and later violated their agreements by selling to other warehouses at higher prices than those quoted in the contracts.

HOW MRS. BEAN MET THE CRISIS

Carried Safely Through Change of Life by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Nashville, Tenn.—"When I was going through the Change of Life I had a tumor as large as a child's head. The doctor said it was three years coming and gave me medicine for it until I was called away from the city for some time. Of course I could not go to him then, so my sister-in-law told me that she thought

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound would cure it. It helped both the Change of Life and the tumor and when I got home I did not need the doctor.

I took the Pinkham remedies until the tumor was gone, the doctor said, and I have not felt it since. I tell everyone how I was cured. If this letter will help others you are welcome to use it." —Mrs. E. H. BEAN, 525 Joseph Avenue, Nashville, Tenn.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a pure remedy containing the extractive properties of good old fashioned roots and herbs, meets the needs of woman's system at this critical period of her life. Try it.

If there is any symptom in your case which puzzles you, write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

LARGE WAR CONTRACT FOR DAVIESS COUNTY

ROCK SPRINGS DISTILLERY TO MAKE 25,000 BARRELS OF ALCOHOL FOR FRANCE.

Col. Abe Hirsch, president of the Rock Springs Distillery company, has accepted a contract to manufacture 25,000 barrels of alcohol for export to France. The alcohol, purchased through a Chicago agency, will be used in French brandies, cordials and light liquors. The contract amounts to about \$700,000 and is one of the biggest orders landed by any distillery in the state.

The Rock Springs company, with several other similar contracts, has already begun putting in the equipment to carry on the work. This one contract will mean that the distillery will mash 4,000 bushels of grain every 24 hours, for about three months and a half. It will call for the purchase of approximately 500,000 bushels of grain, at a cost of about \$400,000.

Workmen have already begun the installation of the additional machinery, for which more than \$50,000 has been expended. A new column, kettle still, separators, formers, pumps, engines, sump dryers and a 250 h. p. marine boiler are included in the additional equipment. The contract for the barrels has already been let, the order amounting to \$70,000.

It is expected that the distillery can begin on the contract by August 1. A bigger force of workmen will be necessary and the plant will run night and day.

With the Rock Springs mashing grain at the rate of 4,000 bushels a day, the supply of liquid feed found of such value for the feed of hogs will be greatly increased. It is thought certain that the manufacture of alcohol will continue in the same magnitude under contracts now in sight. —*Inquirer.*

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MASTER COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Ohio Circuit Court, Kentucky.
T. H. Black, Plaintiff.

R. P. Beck, &c., Defendants.

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Ohio Circuit Court, rendered at the June term, 1915, in the above cause for the sum of \$800.00, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from the 1st day of January, 1915, until paid, and costs herein, I will offer for sale by public auction at the Court House door in Hartford, on Monday, the 7th day of April, 1916, about one o'clock p. m., upon a credit of six months, the following described property, to-wit:

Being a certain tract or parcel of land in Ohio county, Ky., known as lot No. 3 in the allotment of the lands of Joshua Maddox, situated in Ohio county, Ky., on the waters of Little West Prong of Lewis Creek, and bounded as follows:

Beginning at a stone in line of lot No. 2 at figure 15; then W. 120 poles to a red beech and two black oaks, a corner to No. 4 at figure 16; then with a line of same N. 40 poles to a stone and small white oak, corner to lot No. 4 at figure 17; then with another line of No. 4 west 67 poles to a black oak, sweet gum and white oak in one of the original lines, and also corner to lot No. 4 at figure 7; then with said line N. 60 poles to a post oak standing on a rock another original corner at the letter E; then 187 poles to a larger poplar another original corner at the letter C, and corner to lot No. 2; then with line of same S. 100 poles to the beginning, containing 100 acres, more or less. The mineral right had been sold to McHenry Coal Co., which land was conveyed to C. H. Chapman by G. B. L. Maddox and wife, July 31, 1907, and which deed is of record in deed book 34, page 84, Ohio County Clerk's office.

Second tract.—Also another tract of land in Ohio county, Ky., bounded as follows: Beginning at a gate post in south line of A. C. Wakeland's land on the creek and running west with the Broadway Coal Company, and A. C. Wakeland's line to a sweet gum tree, A. C. Wakeland's corner; thence N. 48 poles to a black gum; thence E. 5 2-3 poles; thence N. 67 poles to a walnut and two dogwoods; thence east to a bridge on the creek; thence with the creek on the west side to the beginning being all the land owned by A. C. Wakeland on the west side of the creek; mineral and coal rights reserved and right to work and mine same and same land conveyed to Claude Chapman on April 7, 1911, by A. C. Wakeland and wife, and which deed is recorded in deed book 39, page 380, Ohio County Clerk's Office, or sufficient thereof to produce the sums of money ordered to be made.

The purchaser will be required to execute bond with approved security immediately after sale.

This 15th day of March, 1916.

OTTO C. MARTIN,
Master Commissioner.

3713
Heavrin & Kirk, Attorneys.

It Always Helps

says Mrs. Sylvana Woods, of Clifton Mills, Ky., in writing of her experience with Cardui, the woman's tonic. She says further: "Before I began to use Cardui, my back and head would hurt so bad, I thought the pain would kill me. I was hardly able to do any of my housework. After taking three bottles of Cardui, I began to feel like a new woman. I soon gained 35 pounds, and now, I do all my housework, as well as run a big water mill.

I wish every suffering woman would give

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

a trial. I still use Cardui when I feel a little bad, and it always does me good." Headache, backache, side ache, nervousness, tired, worn-out feelings, etc., are sure signs of womanly trouble. Signs that you need Cardui, the woman's tonic. You cannot make a mistake in trying Cardui for your trouble. It has been helping weak, ailing women for more than fifty years.

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Spring Stocks now ready. Everybody is talking advance. Come here and buy them at old prices. We saw the advance coming and bought large stocks from hard-up manufacturers for the spot cash. The only question for you is, do you want all you can get for your hard-earned money, or do you want to go on the old way, paying 25 per cent. more on time? We sell more goods for less money than any house in the Green River country—a fact that stands undisputed by all men. Would you like to save some money? See us,

Shoes and Oxfords.

American Gentleman \$4.00 and \$4.50 Oxfords, Gun Metal	
Patent and Tan	\$2.98
Regular \$3.00 and \$3.50 Oxfords	\$2.48
Regular \$2.50 and \$2.75 Oxfords	\$1.98
Regular \$2.00 Oxfords	\$1.48
Elk Skin Work Shoes for Men, sold everywhere for \$2.50, now	\$1.98
Other Shoes at lower prices to suit everybody. Save 50¢ to \$1 on every pair.	
Can fit any man, woman or child.	
The good old Reliable Overalls still at	.98c
Best and fullest cut Work Shirts made	.44c
Nelson Work Sox	.8c
Dress Sox, Assorted Colors	.8c
25c Silk Sox	.19c

Regular \$1.50 Shirts	.98c
Regular \$1.00 Shirts	.60c
Regular 75c Shirts	.48c
75c Union Suits	.48c
50c Neckwear	.37c
25c Neckwear	.17c
25c Suspenders	.19c
Ladies' \$1.00 Petticoats	.69c
Ladies' \$1.50 Petticoats	.98c
Bed Spreads, worth \$1.50	.98c
Bed Spreads, worth \$2.00	\$1.10

Extra special prices on all grades of Underwear for Men, Women and Children. See this line.

When you come to town don't make a mistake. Come straight to our House.

J. T. VINSON & SON,
BEAVER DAM, KY.

Clothing.

Biggest Stock and Lowest Prices.

Regular \$18.00 and \$20.00 Suits	\$13.98
Regular \$15.00 and \$17.50 Suits	\$11.98
All \$12.50 Suits, now	\$9.98
The \$10.00 Suits can go at	\$7.48
Boys' Suits, Odd Pants, Odd Coats—any way you want—come and carry them off and save money.	

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Every Hat is trimmed by an experienced and up-to-the-minute Hat Artist. If we don't save you \$1.00 to \$2.00 on every Hat we won't ask you to buy.

Everything new in Dry Goods, Skirts, Waists and Hosiery, Etc. Calico

Bring us your chicken money.

WILLARD IS WINNER IN BIG PRIZE FIGHT

13,000 PEOPLE SEE CHAMPION DEFEND TITLE IN TEN ROUND BOUT AT N. Y.

Facts About Big Fight
Principals—Jess Willard and Frank Moran.

The Winner—Jess Willard.

How won—On points.

Place—Madison Square Garden, New York.

Number of rounds—Ten.

Amount of purse—\$71,250.

Willard's guarantee—\$47,500.

Moran's guarantee—\$23,750.

Estimated attendance—13,000.

Gate receipts—\$150,000.

Referee—Charley White, of New York.

Decision—Referee not permitted to give decisions, but newspaper writers gave Willard the best of seven rounds, one to Moran and two even.

New York, March 25.—Jess Willard with his hardest swings he world easily out-pointed Frank Moran in a ten-round bout here tonight. Willard was better on points in every round except the third, which went to Moran by a narrow margin, and the eighth and ninth which were even.

The conqueror of Jack Johnson claimed to have broken all the bones in the back of his right hand during the slashing rally in the third, and it was noticeable he did

not use his right to any extent in the latter rounds. There was occasionally an uppercut to Moran's body or jaw with that hand, but it lacked the punishing power shown in his training work.

Willard Not Aggressive.
Several times Moran was dazed by the champion's smashes, but Willard with the usual lack of aggressiveness did not appear to try particularly for a knockout.

The champion never was in danger from Moran's blows, although a number landed with crashing force on his jaw and body. Most of them, however, either were blocked, or avoided by the Kansas cowboy, who took full advantage of his great height and extraordinary reach.

Clean Bout.
Referee Charley White said after the bout it was one of the cleanest at which he ever officiated, and that he had to caution the boxers only once when Moran landed dangerously low on Willard once in inighting, but the blow was unintentional, and did not appear seriously to distress Willard.

Thirteen thousand persons, including many women, paid approximately \$150,000 to see the bout.

Keep Your Bowels Regular.
As everybody knows, the bowels are the sewerage system of the body, and it is of the greatest importance that they move once each day. If your bowels become constipated, take a dose of Chamberlain's Tablets just after supper and they will correct the disorder. Obtainable everywhere.

A WORD TO THE POULTRY POOLERS OF OHIO COUNTY

No one can doubt or dispute but that we have advanced the price on poultry in several different counties this year by pooling or collectively selling and we find that we have the same thing to contend with when we try to combine the other counties with Ohio, that we had when we were trying to fight the battle alone. We find that men who would not bind themselves to the contract at all, are now offering more on the delivery days than the pool sold for.

I would like to ask why any man can not see through their motive. I urge all farmers and poolers to stand firm by the man that bid the highest and not sell your honor, your birthright, for the small sum of 20c to the hundred pounds of hens. You remember what a hard fight we had when we began in this county? Can't you see what we gained by sticking to the pool then? So let us stand firm and deliver the goods to the pool car, regardless of what the other people offer. Now let us be men of honor who will stand for our rights and principles—men who will not sell their neighbors and friends at any price.

To those who have never signed a pledge will say that you can pool till the day you deliver, and then there will not be a cent collected from you. The per cent. is paid by the purchaser and this price is net to you. **HENRY M. PIRTLER,**
County Secy.

Received Highest Award
World's Pure Food Exposition,
Chicago; Paris Exposition,
France, March, 1912.

LATEST WAR NEWS

Monday.

Mexico.—Three Americans, two women and one man, were killed Wednesday afternoon by Mexican raiders near Gibson's ranch, eight miles west of Columbus, according to travelers who reached Douglas, Ariz., yesterday. A command of American troops is said to have crossed the border in pursuit. The town of Janos, on the march of the expeditionary force south, has been burned, presumably by Mexicans, it was reported at Columbus.

Reports from Gen. Pershing to Gen. Funston yesterday stated that part of the American troops were far south of Casas Grandes and were in the neighborhood of El Oso, where Villa is said to have fled after his battle with Carranza soldiers at Namiquipa. Gen. Funston said that his information indicated that a battle had either taken place or would within the next few hours. Gen. Gavira, at Juarez, said he had received positive information that the attack of the joint Carranza and American forces would be made to-day.

Sheriff Edwards, at El Paso, has called upon Gov. Ferguson to call out the Texas National Guard to aid in patrolling the border.

Reports received in Washington from American Consul Letcher at Chihuahua City, stated positively that Gen. Herrera had not revolted and taken the field against the Americans.

Tuesday.

United States.—Washington is awaiting with some anxiety the investigation into the explosion that damaged the cross-channel steamer Sussex, and the sinking of the British steamer Englishman. The possibility of the breaking off of diplomatic relations with Germany is being discussed in the event the steamers are known to have been torpedoed by a German submarine. Germany, it is said, will disavow the act if it is shown to have been committed by one of its submarines. President Wilson, however, will communicate the situation to Congress before taking steps which might lead to a rupture.

Flanders.—The British infantry stormed and took first and second-line trenches along a front of 600 yards, following their explosion of a big mine. Berlin reports the loss of trenches only covering a front of 100 yards.

France.—Bombardment again is intense northwest and northeast of Verdun, and also in the Woëvre region. French shells are falling on German positions in the Argonne.

Russian Front.—While the Teutons are obstinately resisting the Russian attacks between Dvinsk and Vilna, the Russians have captured two line of their trenches northwest of Postov.

Wednesday

Mexico.—Maj. Gen. Funston yesterday received unofficial information showing that Gen. Pershing had already been making use of Mexican railways in the report that ten United States troopers were injured by the overturning of cars at Cumbe tunnel. No official information was received yesterday from Pershing's command.

It was stated that Washington had

prepared a memorandum urging Carranza to come to an early decision regarding the use of railroads in Mexico by American troops.

Dispatches received at El Paso indicated that Villa was heading for familiar ground around San Andres, near Chihuahua City, where, it is stated, he might pick up numerous friendly bands under Reyes. His early capture is not thought probable.

France.—In successive waves the Germans were thrown into a great infantry attack on the Haucourt-Bethincourt sector, but all their attempts were put down by the curtain fire of the French guns and artillery. There is still the roar of guns northeast of Verdun.

Flanders.—On the British front in the St. Eloi sector the Germans opened fire on the forces holding the ground gained Monday, the British artillery replying favorably.

Russian Front.—In the Postavy region of the Russian front Berlin reports the onslaughts against the German lines have been withheld, and that the attacking forces suffered casualties of 80,000 along the seven-and-a-half-mile front.

Washington.—The United States has determined, in view of Germany's continued submarine warfare without regard for American lives, to gather unimpeachable evidence, and unless Germany makes some reply that can be relied upon, to combine the incidents in one general, formidable indictment that will bring the entire subject to a clear-cut issue. Further information is sought in connection with the sinking of the Eagle Point, but the Sussex case is to be made the cardinal feature.

Germany.—An infantry attack to the northwest of Verdun yesterday gave the Germans additional ground, including the possession of the northwest portion of the village of Malancourt. Further attempts to advance were stopped by the fire of the French. Three counter attacks are also said to have been repelled.

Russia.—The heavy thaw which has set in on the Russian front has not checked the fighting there, and the Russians report several successes over the Germans along the Riga-Dvinsk front.

GOT EVEN WITH COBB.

Friend He Had Made Fun of More Than Turned the Tables.

Irvin S. Cobb is a practical joker. Last winter when in California delivering his lecture upon the war, it pleased Cobb to practice a bit upon his friend, Charles E. Van Loan, author of "Buck Parvin and the Movements." Cobb had asked Van Loan to introduce him to his Los Angeles audience and Van Loan had refused, being a reasonably modest man with a poor stage presence and a bad speaking voice. On the night of the lecture Cobb walked out upon the stage alone, spied Van Loan in a box and proceeded to flay him alive in an introductory speech.

At the end of his lecture it was Cobb's custom to answer questions, but when he thought the people had had enough for their money he would place his hand on his forehead, which would be the signal for his manager, in the rear of the house, to ask him the "planted question: 'Are you going back?'" This was the cue for

a neat retort from the lecturer, followed by a story apropos of the question, and on the laughter and applause thus obtained Cobb would make a graceful exit. After the Los Angeles lecture, Cobb filled an appointment in a near city and Van Loan, still smarting from his public humiliation at Cobb's hands, went along for company. The manager could not be present, and in the emergency Cobb planted the closing question with Van Loan, rehearsing him several times.

"When I put my hand up, so you ask me 'Are you going back?' Just that way, remember, because the wording of the question is important—'Are you going back?'" And speak up loud."

The lecture was a great success, and at its close the questions came thick and fast. Finally there was a lull and Cobb put his hand to his forehead and waited to make his snappy retort, but this was what came floating up from the back of the house:

"Where do you go from here?"

Notice To Housekeepers.
Buy Ellis Milling Co.'s Blue Ribbon Flour. Every sack contains a coupon which entitles you to a piece of Aluminum Ware at Wholesale price.

Real Estate For Sale.
We have listed with us one dwelling house in Hartford, including garden and outbuildings. Excellent repair. Water in house. Owner moving to other property. The sale price of this house and lot is \$350 less than original cost. Call on or write us for further particulars.

Good Farm.
We have this week listed a 100-acre farm, 4 miles east of Beaver Dam, for sale. Hill and bottom land, 4 miles from Green River, 1½ miles from 2 churches, 1 mile from school, two story dwelling. Owner will not sell unless taken before crop season. Call or write us for further information.

Let Us Make Your Sale.
If you want to sell your real estate, farm or city property list it with us. No charges unless sale is made. We have inquiries every day.

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